PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.

Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways Steam Boats, and Delis, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.

COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.

"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,752—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD. GRAND Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons.
Saturday. 3 P.M. 1906.				
31st Mar.	PERSIA	7951	.....	.....
7th Apl.	ORIENTAL	5284	MOOLTAN	10009
14th ,,	EGYPT	7912	.....	.....
21st ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	MARMORA	10509
28th ,,	CALEDONIA	7558	.....	.....
5th May	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	6322
12th ,,	ARABIA	7903	.....	.....
19th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6393
26th ,,	MACEDONIA	10513	.....	.....
2nd June	ORIENTAL	5284	INDIA	7911
9th ,,	PERSIA	7951	.....	.....
16th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
23rd ,,	EGYPT	7912	.....	.....
30th ,,	ORIENTAL	5284	DONGOLA	8050

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting steamer at that field.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports en route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 7th March, 1906.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms, Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured,
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
SANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
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BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Etienne	19th Apr. 1906
KARRA	4,955	Sellier	17th May ,,
MERA	5,876	Schmitz	14th Jun, ,,
SYDNEY	4,255	Combe	12th July ,,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT, AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
MERA	5,876	Schmitz	31st March 1906.
SYDNEY	4,255	Combe	28th April ,,

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 735, 2nd class Rs. 535, 3rd class Rs. 295
For further Particulars apply to

P. de BURE, Agent.
62, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

FEB 1st.

ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.

ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY via KARACHI and SUEZ CANAL TO

LONDON (via MARSEILLES or GENOA); LIVERPOOL and other Ports.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

From Bombay to	A. 1st class Surgeon and Stewardess.		B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess.		2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation.	
	Single Rs.	Return Rs.	Single Rs.	Return Rs.	Single Rs.	Return Rs.
Suez	400	640	320	...	300	...
Port Said	425	680	320	...	300	...
Marseilles or Genoa	525	850	450	750	390	690
Liverpool	550	900	470	770	420	640
London via Marseilles or Genoa	600	1950	525	*920	450	*675
Karachi	40	..	40	...	40	...

The following Sailings are subject to alterations :—

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing from Liverpool	Due at Port Said about.	Due Bombay about.	Leave Bombay.
Sutlej Hall	4300	Mar 7	Mar 21	Apr 2	Apr 10 Direct
Clan Mac Hall	4300	,, 14	,, 23	,, 9	,, 15
Stamford Hall	4300	,, 21	Apr 4	,, 16	,, 22
Shankeena Hall	6000	,, 28	,, 13	,, 25	May 1
City of Calcutta	11000	Apr 24	May 7	May 16	,, 22
Mutlan Hall	7000	,, 14	Apr 28	,, 11	,, 18 Direct
Prome	4400	May 5	May 15	,, 27	June 2
City of Agra	4230	,, 12	,, 25	June 9	,, 15
City of Marseilles	4800	,, 24	June 6	,, 16	,, 21

All the A class Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric Fans and Lights.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to—
Messrs. EDWARD BATES & SONS AGENCY.
(KILLICK, NIXON & Co.),
Agents, LINES ELLERMAN & STEAMERS
Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly, from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing	Date	Time.	Route,—via.
LINGA	2170	Mon.	2 Apr.	11 a.m.	P'Bunder & Cutch
LAMA	2170	Tues.	2 Apr.	5 p.m.	Kathiawar Ports
KOLA	1100	Thur.	5 Apr.	10 a.m.	Cutch Mandvie
LHASA	2170	Frid.	30 Mar.	8 a.m.	(direct.)

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "WAROONGA," 2,513 tons, on MONDAY, 2nd April calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dabai Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Kowait, Mahomera and Basreh, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,200 tons, on THURSDAY, 5th April calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,015 tons, on or about 24th April, calling at Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SIRSA," 2,610 tons, on or about 30th March.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand, apply to :—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,—Bombay.
27th March, 1906.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

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Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING, BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

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AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co,

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st Apr. 1906
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st May, ,,
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st June ,,

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class	2nd Class	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
† AUSTRIA	R. Colledani	7800	9th April 1906
MARIA ACQUEHEM	A. Bilaffer	4766	20th ,, ,,
PERSIA	P. Craglietto	5894	7th May ,,
*FILIPPO ARTELLI	A. Radonicic	5834	9th June ,,

*Will call at Karachi, † Will call at Fiume

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class Rs. 900, 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 600.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., are issued at reduced Fares.

Passengers to VENICE transhipp at TRIESTE to another Steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer,	Captain,	Tons	To sail on or about
TRIESTE	D. Mistrorigo	5,095	30th March 1906

For further particular regarding Passages Apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent-General.
Sassoon House, 51 Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.

(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Apr. 1906.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th May ,,
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th June ,,

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	600	Rs. 350	Rs. 195
Return tickets available 2 years	900	,, 525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Favour tickets to New York in connection at Naples at season with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class Rs. 815 : 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
ISCHIA	6,000	A. Cogliolo	17th Apr., 1905.
CAPRI	6,000	G. Rolando	17th May ,,
ISCHIA	6,080	A. Cogliolo	17th June ,,

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 155, and to HONGKONG Rs. 215.

F. CROCCO, Agent.

Hornby Road, No. 59,

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 32 Pages of Full Mail Matter; also containing all the Information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Annual Subscription Rs. 15 per year, free of postage. English Subscription 8s. 6d per year including Postage.

PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS.

DAY, DRESS, TENNIS, 6 FOR RS. 24, 30, 36.

NEGLIGE, SOFT FRONTS, STIFF CUFFS,

SMART & COMFORTABLE. 3 FOR RS. 13-8. OR SIX FOR RS. 26.

BY PRACTICAL ENGLISH CUTTERS.

HOAR & CO., {THE RECORD SHIRT MAKERS.} BOMBAY.

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WINES, GENERAL MERCHANTS, AND CONTRACTORS,

105, MEDOW'S STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

JUST UNPACKED PROVISIONS in Tins and Bottles which is much valued as a First Course luxury the following :—

		Rs.	a.
ANTIPASTO MARCONI (contg. Tunny Fish and Mushroom in Oil)	per Tin	1	0
ALICE FALSTAFF do. do.	per Tin	0	12
ONIONS in VINEGAR per Bottle 8 annas. Artichokes in oil	per Bot.	1	0
PIMENTOS BOHEMES (contg. sweet Giardineira Chillies, assorted in Vinegar	per Bot.	1	0
(GIARDINERIA) (mixed Pickles)	per Bot.	0	8
MUSHROOMS in VINEGAR, per Bottle 14 annas. OLIVES FARCIES	per Bot.	1	0
SARDINES SUD-AFRICA (contg. Tomato Sauce with Vegetables)	per Tin	1	0
ALICE PICCANTI in TOMATO SAUCE	per large Tin	1	0
Do. do.	per small Tin	0	10
TONNO SPORT in Tins at Re. 1. ONIONS in Salt	per Bot.	0	8
ALICE TARTUFATO in tins at Re. 1. Mushrooms in Oil in Bot.		1	0
FILETTI D'ALICE in Tins		0	12

EASTER 1906.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

EASTER NOVELTIES
JUST ARRIVING

EASTER EGGS in fancy Basket from As. 8.
NESTS CONTAINING EASTER EGGS from As. 6.
TOY CARTS,
DUTCH SHOES,
BASKETS, etc, etc,
ALL CONTAINING EASTER EGGS.
EMPTY EGGS covered in Satin Re. 1 each.
INSPECTION INVITED.
CHOCOLATE EASTER EGGS artistically decorated and filled with sweets, Rs. 2 per lb.
ORDERS NOW REGISTERED.

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IS THE ONLY ONE

In the whole of India who has received

TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITIONS FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

MALARIA ! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS OR MIXTURE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza Malarious, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies has given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiastic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies ? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggist's market that if I agree to take only one Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only, I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Shallow complexion, Overwrought brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional weakness, Seminal emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of understanding due to excessive indulgence and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains, and to students and scholars, growing boys and girls, who in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be powerful and rapid restorer of mental and physical vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, the loss of appetite and imperfect digestion.

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People) may be had from TREACHER and Co., Kemp and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., BEYNON and Co., etc., etc., etc. or from the Sole Manufacturers. DR H. L. BATLIWALLA Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

AS SUPPLIED TO THEIR MAJESTIES THE KING AND QUEEN.

THE "MINIMAX" HAND FIRE EXTINGUISHER

The only Efficient Extinguisher, and the reasons :

NO TAPS TO CORRODE.
NO HOSE OR RUBBER PIPING TO ROT.
NO REVERSING AT THE CRITICAL MOMENT.
ONE SIMPLE ACTION. INSTANTANEOUS RESULTS.
UNAFFECTED BY CLIMATE OR WEATHER.
AS RELIABLE 20 YEARS HENCE AS THE DAY CHARGED.

More than 75,000 sold in 2 years. Over 1,000 actual fires extinguished

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Cantonment Committe, Neemuch.
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Rs. 37-8-0, COMPLETE WITH CHEMICAL CHARGE.

For Further Particulars apply to the Sole Agents in India :—

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THE HOTEL CONTINENTAL,

Nos. 9, 10, 11 & 12, CHOWRINGHEE ROAD, CALCUTTA.

THIS FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, situated in the healthiest and most fashionable European quarter of the City, commanding a splendid view of the Maidan, fitted with every convenience and comfort, maintains, as it has always done, a high class reputation for its cuisine.

The TABLE D'HOTE is reserved for Hotel residents and their guests only.

The RESTAURANT A LA CARTE and PRIVATE TIFFIN and DINING ROOMS receive special attention.

A large LADIES' PAVILION has been constructed with the object of affording additional comfort to Ladies and their friends, where they can enjoy their afternoon Tea or Ices and Light Refreshments in quietude. Visitors are kindly requested not to smoke in the drawing room on any account.

NO PUBLIC BAR KEPT.

F. A. BOSCOLO. Proprietor.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

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KING'S LIQUEUR WHISKY,

TENNENT'S PILSENER BEER,

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SOLE AGENTS.

BECK'S PILSENER BEER KEY-BRAND.

A PERFECT BEER FOR THE TROPICS.

Wholesome, light and refreshing, bright and sparkling.

A RELIABLE AND PURE

MALT AND HOP BEER,

tested in numerous analyses by eminent English and Continental experts.

Frequent shipments constantly received.

(Obtainable from all WINE MERCHANTS and DEALERS in BEER.)

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

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BOMBAY, AND POONA.

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Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

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HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

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R. PATERSON BROWN,
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The BEST and CHEAPEST Remedy for all FEVERS.

BLOOD PURIFYING SOLUTION. Re. 1
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Strongly recommended for SYPHILITIC TROUBLES.

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Equal to the best Imported INKS, but CHEAPER For Prices Samples Apply to

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SOMETHING NEW
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Astorias, State Express in every kind and Number,
CRAVEN MIXTURE
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Various kinds of
EGYPTIAN AND VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
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Mild Indian and German HAVANA CIGARS
ALWAYS IN STOCK
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PRICE LIST on APPLICATION.
Please register your order soon
AT
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NAVAL TAILORS AND CIGAR MERCHANTS,
OPPOSITE Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.
21, HUMMUM STREET,
FORT BOMBAY

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

A DIVIDEND has been declared for the Half Year ended 31st December 1905 at the rate of Ten per cent. per Annum, plus Bonus of Two per cent. and will be payable on and after the 29th Instant, to the Proprietors registered in the Books of the Bank on the 19th Instant.

By Order of the Board,
ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

Bombay, 27th March 1905.

NOTICE.

AT a MEETING of the TRUSTEES of the Port of Karachi held on FRIDAY, the 23rd, March, 1906, the undermentioned Debentures were drawn :—

Nos. 57, 80, 82 175, 242, 243, and 331—The Secretary, Standard Life Assurance Co. Bombay.
No. 458—Messrs Elijh Dinshaw and others.
No. 537—Mr. Ali Akmet Hasonally, I C S,
No. 533—Messrs Yusufali Alibhay and Ghulamali G. Chagla, President and Secretary of the Estate of the late Mr. Ghulam Hussein Khalikdina

and it is hereby notified that the abovenamed holders of the said Bonds will receive payment in full together with interest on or after the 1st April, 1906.

By Order,
RAYMOND W. COOPER,
Manager and Secretary,
Karachi Port Trust.

Port Trust Office
Karachi, 23rd March 1906.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

WEEKLY EXPRESS TRAINS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND NEWAL KHANDALA AND LONAVLA.

ON and from the 31st of March, 1906, and until further notice a WEEKLY EXPRESS TRAIN for Neral, Khandala and Lonavla will leave Victoria Terminus every SATURDAY, unless otherwise notified, and also on and from 2nd April, 1906 and until further notice, a Return Weekly Express train will leave Lonavla for Victoria Terminus every MONDAY unless otherwise notified. The timings of these trains will be as follows :—

SATURDAY, (Standard Time)	H. M.	MONDAY, (Standard Time.)	H. M.
Victoria Terminus,		Lonavla .....Dep.	7-45
Bombay .....Dep.	14-15	Khandala .....Arr.	7-52
Neral .....Arr.	15-53	Do. .....Dep.	7-57
Do. .....Dep	15-58	Neral .....Arr.	8-55
Khandala.....Arr.	16 56	Do. .....Dep.	9- 1
Do, ...Dep	17- 1	Victoria Terminus,	
Lonavla .....Arr.	17- 8	Bombay .....Arr.	10-5

These Express trains will convey only first and second class passengers and their servants in third class and luggage between Bombay and Neral, Khandala and Lonavla at the ordinary fares and rates.

The seats in these trains are not numbered and can be reserved, in advance on payment of an extra eight per seat, and intending passengers are recommended to register their seats at Victoria Terminus and at Lonavla in due time.

The accommodation in the late Poona Mails being limited, intending passengers may be advised that the Week-end Express trains are not to run on Saturdays at Mondays.

A Restaurant car will be attached to these trains and on down journey afternoon tea and on up journey breakfast can be provided if ordered in time.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, the 24th March, 1906.

NOTICE.

Re, Estate of JERBAI, widow of RUSTOMJI SORABJI UNWALLA, late of Bombay Parsi deceased.

WHEREAS JERBAI, widow of RUSTOMJI SORABJI UNWALLA, late of Bombay Parsi, died at Bombay, on or about the 28th day of July, 1905, and Probate of her Will dated the 21st day of February, 1901, was granted unto Messrs. PESTANJEE KAVASJEE and JEHANGIR JORABJI PANTHAKI, two of the Executors in the said Will named reserving the right of Messrs PESTANJEE RUSTOMJEE and SHAPURJEE KHASHRU FARDUNJI SIRVAI and JAMSHEDJI FARDUNJI UNWALLA, the other Executors named in the said Will to come in and apply for Probate thereof hereafter.

All persons having any claim or interest against or in the Estate of the said deceased are required to submit the same to the Undersigned Solicitors, for the said Executors at their office, 70, Bombay Fort, within one month from the date hereof after which period the Estate will be wound up without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

All persons indebted to the Estate of the said deceased or having property belonging to the same are required to pay their debts or hand over such property to the said Executors.—Dated this 22nd day of March, 1906.

PESTANJEE RUSTOM & KOLA,
Solicitors for the Executors.

NOTICE.

THE JAMES GREAVES MILLS COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the Half-year ended 31st December, 1905 of Rs. 50 per Share free of Income-Tax, WILL BE PAID, on application, on and after the 28th March, 1906, to Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on 22nd February, 1906.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.

Bombay, 12th March, 1906.

NOTICE.

THE CONNAUGHT MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the Half-year ended 31st December 1905, of Rs. 50 per share (fully paid up.) and Rs. 25 per share (half paid up) free of Income-Tax, WILL BE PAID on application on and after the 28th March, 1906 to Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 22nd February, 1906.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 12th March, 1906.

NOTICE.

THE HOWARD AND BULLOUGH MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half-year ended 31st December, 1905, of Rs. 50 per Share, free of Income-Tax, WILL BE PAID, on application, on and after the 28th March, 1906, to Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on 22nd February, 1906.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 12th March, 1906.

NOTICE.

THE EMPRESS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the year ended 31st December, 1905 of Rs. 25 per Share, free of Income-Tax, WILL BE PAID, on application, on and after the 28th March, 1906, to Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 22nd February, 1906.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.

Bombay, 12th March, 1906.

NOTICE.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the year ended 31st December, 1905, of Rs. 25 per Share, free of Income-Tax, WILL BE PAID, on application, on and after the 28th March, 1906, to Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 22nd February, 1906.

GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.

Bombay 12th March, 1906.

NOTICE.

THE LEOPOLD SPINNING, BLEACHING, AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the year ended 31st December 1905 of Rs. 5 per Share, free of Income-Tax, WILL BE PAID on application, on and after the 28th March, 1906, to Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 22nd February, 1906.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.

Bombay, 12th March, 1906.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

TAJ MAHAL HOTEL.

THE
LONDON LADIES' TRIO.
GRAND
EVENING CONCERT.

TO-NIGHT, WEDNESDAY, 28TH MARCH.
at 9-30 P.M. (S. T.)

PROGRAMME.

1 Aria for the G String .....Bach Wilhelmy.
Miss HENRIETTE MURKENS.
2 Nymphes et Sylvains .....Bemberg.
Miss AGNES WHITEHEAD.
3 Ballade et Polonaise .....Vieuxtemps.
Miss HENRIETTE MURKENS.
4 Spinning Song from the Flying Dutchman. Wagner-Liszt.
Miss EDITH MERRYLEES.
5 Ave Maria.....Bach-Gounod.
Miss AGNES WHITEHEAD.
(Violin Obligato Miss HENRIETTE MURKENS.)
6 { a Barcarole Slave ..... } Mlynarski.
{ b Mazurka ..... }
Miss HENRIETTE MURKENS.
7 Wedding Day on Troldhaugen.....Grieg.
Miss EDITH MERRYLEES.
8 Song .....
Miss AGNES WHITEHEAD.
9 Hungarian Airs .....Hauser.
Miss HENRIETTE MURKENS.
10 Grande Valse in E .....Moskowski.
Miss EDITH MERRYLEES.
11 For all Eternity.....Mascheroni.
Miss AGNES WHITEHEAD.
(Violin Obligato Miss HENRIETTE MURKENS)

Reserved Seats, Rs. 3. A few unreserved, Rs. 2.
Booking at Messrs. ROSE & Co.

THE ACBAR MANUFACTURING AND PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.—The TWENTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on WEDNESDAY the 11th day of April, 1906, at 3 P.M., (Standard time) at the Company's Registered Office, No. 10 Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business :—

I.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance-Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st December, 1905.

II.—To declare a dividend.

III.—To confirm the appointments of Messrs. Hajeebhoy Lalljee, Shavaksha Cowasji Dinshi, Shapoorji Burjorji Broacha and Sir Adamjihoy Hajeebhoy, made by the Board as additional Directors under clause 76 of the Articles of Association of the Company.

IV.—To elect Directors in place of those retiring by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.

V.—To appoint two Auditors for the current year, and to fix their remuneration.

VI.—To transact such other business as may be brought before the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
HAJEEBHOY LALLJEE & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

No. 10, Forbes Street Fort,
Bombay, 22nd March, 1906.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from 11th proximo to 26th idem (both days inclusive.)

BANK OF BOMBAY.

ALTERATION OF BANKING HOURS.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after MONDAY, the 2nd April, 1906, the Bank will be OPEN for the transaction of BUSINESS on the usual business days at the following hours :—

WEEKDAYS (except Saturdays) from 11 A.M., until 4-30 P.M., Standard Time.
SATURDAYS from 11 a.m., until 2 p.m., Standard Time.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

26nd December, 1905.

THE BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Telephone Buildings, Hornby Road, at 4 P.M. on THURSDAY, the 29th March, 1906, to receive the Directors' Report, pass the Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1905, declare a Dividend, elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election appoint Auditors for the ensuing year, and fix their remuneration and transact any other business that may be brought forward.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 27th March to SATURDAY, the 31st March, 1906, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
H. BLACKWELL,
Secretary.

Bombay, 14th March, 1906.

THE REHMANI MILLS, LIMITED.

Registered under the Indian Companies Act of 1882.

CAPITAL Rs. 10,00,000 in 2,000 SHARES of Rs. 500 each.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

DIRECTORS :

1. PHIROZSHAH BOMONJI JIJIBHOY Esq. Chairman.
2. EBRAHIMBHAI HASSUM, Esq.
3. MATHURADAS MAGANLAL, Esq.
4. MAHAMEDBHAI NANSEE KHAIRAZ, Esq.
5. HASANBHOY RAHIMTOOLA KHAIRAZ, Esq.
6. G. R. KHAIRAZ, Esq., Bar-at-Law.

IN view of the increase in the demand for Indian Yarn and Cloth in India, it has been decided to form a Company to purchase and take over as a going concern the REHMANI MILLS at Dipanitone Road, Bombay, with its plant and Machinery and the business hitherto carried on by Messrs NANSEE KHAIRAZ and Co., in connection therewith.

The Mill Buildings were erected in about the year 1897, upon a piece of land comprising 47,134 Square yards or thereabouts which is held by the said Messrs Nansee Khairaz and Co. (the Vendors) as Assignees of a lease for 999 years from the 10th of August, 1896, at the annual rent of Rs. 350 and subject to the covenants and conditions of the lease.

The plant and machinery of the Mill consist of 21,000 Spindles of which 15,000 are Ring Spindles and 5,000 Mule Spindles. Orders for looms and the necessary accessories are being negotiated through a well known European firm and the same when accepted and received will be placed in the Mill premises.

The object of the proposed Company is to place the Mill on the best possible footing and to work the same economically for the advantage of the Shareholders, the Directors and Agents have considerable experience in the industry and it is hoped that the most satisfactory results will be obtained particularly seeing that since the termination of the War in the Far East, the demand for yarn and cloth for Burmah, Bengal, China has considerably increased and the demand in India for Yarn and Cloth of local manufacture has also considerably increased during the last 18 months and it is hoped that the improvement in the industry will be maintained.

The Directors consider that it is a very great advantage that the concern proposed to be purchased is to be acquired as a going concern and that no time will therefore be lost in erecting buildings and putting in machinery as would have been the case with a new concern.

The Capital of the proposed Company is to be Rs. 10,00, 00 divided into 2,000 shares of Rs 500 each of which Shares of the nominal value of Rs. 4,85,000 have already been allotted to the Directors and their friends and the remaining 1090 Shares are now offered to the Public.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, Messrs. Nansee Khairaz & Co, are appointed Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents on a remuneration of twelve per cent Commission on the annual profits of the Company with a guaranteed minimum of Rupees One thousand and five hundred per month.

Further particulars and all necessary information together with Forms of Application for Shares and the prospectus may be obtained from the DIRECTORS at the Registered Office of the Company No. 1 Himmatsa Street, Fort, Bombay.

By Order of the Board,
NANSEE KHAIRAZ and Co,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

"ZAM-ZAM."

ZAM-ZAM

TRUE TALISMAN!

For Colic ; Cramp ; Cancer.
For Cholera ; Diarrhœa.
For Dropsy ; Epilepsy.
For Dyspepsia ; Griping.
Is a Stimulant during illness and convalescence.

Best Embrocation for Sprains ; Muscular Pains ; Strains ; Bone-aching.

Is a Great Air-Purifyer.

☞ PLEASE SEE THE TRADE MARK OF A WADING BIRD.

Per Bot. Ans. 8 ; & Ans. 14.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON ST. ;
NEAR JOOMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Austrian Lloyd's ss. "TRIESTE," from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, via KARACHI, are hereby informed of the Vessel's arrival, and REQUESTED TO TAKE IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS landed at the VICTORIA DOCK, No. 3 Berth.

The Company's Surveyor, Captain MACFADYEN, will attend every morning to survey damages and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted within Seven Days after the discharge of the cargo, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No surveys can be allowed after the Seven Days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

E SCARPA,
Agent-General, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.

TAPTI VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ELEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of The Tapti Valley Railway Company, Limited, will be held on THURSDAY the 29th March, 1906 at 2 P.M., (Standard Time) at the Registered Office of the Company, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business;—

1st.—To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 31st December, 1905.

2nd.—To declare a Dividend.

3rd.—To confirm the election of Rao Bahadur Kilabhai Dulabhram as a Director in place of Mr. G. B. Lynn resigned.

4th.—To elect a Director in the place of Mr. F. A. Riddle who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.

5th.—To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

6.—To transact any other business that may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 29th March to the 12th April, 1906, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay 22nd February, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that CASINATH RAMCHANDRA NAKHWA NARAYEN RAMCHANDRA NAKHWA and JUMNIBAI widow RAMCHANDRA GHANGA NAKHWA have contracted to SELL to our client the undermentioned property. All persons therefore having any claim in to or upon the said property by way of gift, sale, mortgage, lease, lien, maintenance or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 25 Agra Bank Building, Esplanade Road, within Seven days within 14 days from the date hereof after which time the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims and the same (if any) will be considered as waived null and void and of no effect.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

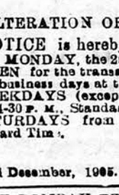
Firstly :—All those two pieces or parcels of Government land or batty fields situate at Worlee village, outside the Fort of Bombay registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 279-281, 31-37, New No. A-12385, new Survey No. 2-2923, standing in the name of Ramchandra Changa Nakhwa containing by admeasurement 537 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on or towards the East by the ground of Dumingo Silva, on or towards the West by the ground of Sorabji Jamasjee and on or towards the North by the ground of A. F. Louis and on or towards the South by the ground of P. Philip Somes.

SECONDLY :—All those two pieces or parcels of Government land or Batty fields situate at Worlee village outside the Fort of Bombay registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 312, New No. A—12387, New Survey No. 3—2923 standing in the name of Ramchandra Changa Nakwa containing by admeasurement 537 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on or towards the East by the ground of A. F. Louis and on or towards the West by the ground of Pascal Bartoli Muras, on or towards the North by the ground of Gabriel Silva and on or towards the South by the ground of Bastiao Silva.—Dated this 27th day of March., 1906.

THAKURDAS & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

ELEPHANT BRAND CEMENT.



NOTICE is hereby given that it has recently come to the knowledge of I. C. JOHNSON and Co., Limited, London, that certain dealers in Bombay have been importing PORTLAND CEMENT bearing thereon a representation of an ELEPHANT or ELEPHANTS in imitation of the Trade Mark of I. C. Johnson and Co., Ltd. NOTICE is therefore hereby given that proceedings will be taken against any person or persons who may import or endeavour to import any Portland Cement having thereon any Label or words which may be considered to be an infringement of the Label or Trade Mark or Trade Marks of I. C. Johnson & Co., Ltd.

Messrs. TOTHILL SHARP and Co., of Tavaria Lane, Fort, Bombay, are the Sole Agents for the Bombay Presidency of "ELEPHANT BRAND" CEMENT.—Dated this 1st day of March, 1906.

CRAWFORD, BROWN, & Co.,
Solicitors, for I. C. JOHNSON and Co., Ltd.,
30, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

CINEMATOGRAPH EXHIBITION.

CRUICKSHANK ROAD.

A SPLENDID CHANGE OF PROGRAMME,

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PICTURES.

THREE REPRESENTATIONS EACH EVENING.

First Performance...7-30 to 8-30 P.M. (Standard Time,)
Second do, ...8-30 to 9-30 do.
Third do, ...9-30 to 10-30 do.

"Where is my Horse".....Picture 115 feet.
"The Acrobatic Elephant" ..... 150 feet.
"The Custom House Search" ... 115 feet.
"The Christmas Goose" ..... 165 feet.
"The Phenomenal Hen" ..... 210 feet.
"A Cheeky Traveller" ..... 165 feet.
"The Pashas Nightmare" ..... 250 feet.
"Three Phases of the Moon" ... 150 feet.
"Fire Cascades" ..... 130 feet.
"The Young Tramps" ..... 700 feet.

PROGRAMME No. 2 FROM 8 to 9 P.M.

"An Impatient Customer" ..... 100 feet.
"Brazillian Dance" ..... 130 feet.
"School boys practical Joke" ... 250 feet.
"The Wig" ..... 130 feet.
"A bad Joke" ..... 80 feet.
"The Hairdressers Victim" ..... 70 feet.
"Room pleas" ..... 70 feet.
"The Troublesome Fishbone ... 100 feet.
"The Motor Car and the Cripple". 130 feet.
"My Neighbours Lamp" ..... 130 feet.
"Kids Practical Jokes" ..... 190 feet.
"Vendetta" ..... 700 feet.

ADMISSION to each Representation 1st Class, One Rupee,—2nd class 8 annas, 3rd Class 4 Annas.

THE UNRIVALLED KILLER.

KEATING'S
POWDER.

FATAL TO INSECT LIFE.
Harmless to Everything Else.
Sold in Tins and Bottles at 12 Annas.
Be quite sure you get KEATING'S.

IT KILLS
FLEAS, BEETLES, BUGS, FLIES.

EADE'S
GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS,
THE CURE FOR
GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

THE never-failing effects of EADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS in curing these distressingly painful diseases have secured to them a celebrity unequalled by any medicine of past or present times. They not only give relief in a few hours where the patient has been driven almost to madness by the horrible excruciating tortures of this disease, but restore to perfect health in an inconceivably short space of time—in most cases giving relief from the intolerable pain in one or two hours ; one bottle will frequently carry off the attack in two or three days, even when the patient has kept his bed for as many weeks, and sometimes months.

The unsolicited proofs of decided approbation, sent unsolicited to the Proprietor, from all parts of the kingdom and from all classes of society, with a rapidly increasing, in fact a demand for them at home and abroad unparalleled fully warrants the assurance that no person subject to these disorders will after a trial, be without them.

PREPARED ONLY BY
GEORGE EADE, 181, GOSWELL ROAD, LONDON, E. C.
and sold every where in bottles, 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d.
Wholesale Agents for India :—Messrs. KEMP & Co, Ld, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only) Three lines, per insertion. One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER.—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods Plate and Clear Metals. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Trial samples (great in economy), Post free Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 4, 4. Highly recommend it.—MARKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

MAHABLESHWAR DAK.—1st Class PHAETONS and TONGA DAKS ready laid between Wathar and Mahableshwar, also Phaeton Daks from Poona to Mahableshwar direct by the old route at Moderate Rates.—BURJORJEE PEROSHAW. Diplomed Dak supplier to H. E. The Governor and the Lieut-General Western Command.

MAHABLESHWAR DAK.—TONGAS and PHAETONS for Wathar, Panchgani, Mahableshwar available at Moderate Rates. Apply BAPOO HERKER, Head Office, Wai.

BARGAINS.—Just unpacked a large consignment of selected GENUINE OIL PAINTINGS in massive Gilt Frames. Inspection invited.—M. BRESLAUER & Co., Church Gate Street.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen's Street Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs FINLAY MUIR & Co, Bombay.

COMFORTABLE HOME, in a healthy part of Belgium offered to young children of parents abroad, Special care, home comforts. Terms Moderate, Address, Mlle. NEEL, Maasevck, Belgium.

WANTED a GOANESE or EURASIAN ASSISTANT for a Music Establishment, preference given to one with previous experience. Apply No. 557 care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED FORRIGNERS who want to learn English to talk and write. Hindustani also taught, Terms moderate. Attendance at home any time during day. Apply to Box No. 1234. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED a SMART REPORTER with knowledge of Shorthand.—Good address and appearance. Apply Lex Care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED—Qualified BOOK-BINDERS. Apply 555 C/o "Bombay Gazette."

REPAIRS OF Re. 1-8 within 25 years, I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which I purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts. P. T. Gardener, 11, Forbes Street Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit, Board and Residence, its 2 and 3 per day, Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Rs. 1-4-0 ; Tiffin Re 1-0-0 ; Breakfast As. 12, Dinners served till late hours.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle opposite the Town Hall. Further extensions and renovations. Rooms airy and commodious with bath rooms attached to each. Rates from Rs. 2-8-0 to Rs. 4-0-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly boarders and families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine a speciality.—Apply to the MANAGER.

IT has been certified that Mr. KAPS executes most skilful repairs to Pianos which can be seen in his Work shops—37 Medows St. H. KAPS & Co.,

COTTON BUSINESS.—Cotton, and Seed, and Factory Business, Upcountry, WANT POST as Manager, or Assistant in these, for Buying Cotton, Wheat, Seed &c, Working Factories, Pressing and Ginning, Jute, Flour, Oil, and other Mills, Have served for 20 Twenty years, as Agent to European Firms, Visited Steam Factories, and Travelled throughout India. Proficient in Opening New Stations. Also Erected and Dismantled Factories. Highest Testimonials. Address, "COMITA," care of "Bombay Gazette."

ONE of the Sights of Bombay.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL'S ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALOON replete with everything that Oriental luxury and Artistic taste can suggest and Visitors will not regret an inspection of these High Class Premises. Miniature Paintings and Enlargements, and Indian Views of places of Special Interest. Portrait Paintings in oil on Photographic Basis a speciality. Hydraulic Lift available. Fata's Nippon Buildings. Top Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c. &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates, special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

GOVERNMENT SERVANTS-SUPPLIERS. Messrs OLIVER and Co.,—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Suppliers of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants, Patronized by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels, Especially First Class Gomanese and Mahomedan Servants for whom we guarantee. Fee, Bombay, Rs. 2, and Mofussil Rs. 3 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay Established 1872.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BY-WEEKLY Edition :—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date, Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; quarterly Rs. 3, to Subscribers in Bombay ; Rs. 15 to the Mofussil.

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY. SURGERY SUPERSEDED.—SURGERY not needed at all :—Thorough cures for Hydrocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis, Piles, Fistula, with its horrible and maddening agonies, and all sorts of Rectum and Scrotum diseases, Fatty or windy body (reduction in such a body from 4 to 6 inches certain after 15 days' treatment) Rheumatism, Gout, Paralysis, Spermatorrhœa, Sterility, Dyspepsia, Diabetes, Nasal complaints, Leprosy and all sorts of malignant diseases are thoroughly cured by infallible and harmless vegetable medicines. Apply Dr. BALKRISHNA N. JOSHI, at Bandra Bridge, near Tram Terminus, Modwala Chawl Bandra, Bombay.

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail edition, when available, are supplied on the following terms :—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas ; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas, 31 days to one year, 1 rupee and for older dates than one year from Rs. 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

R. SCOTT & Co. M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS.
GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and COUNTRY-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50.) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce, Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem. Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8 per cwt, delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed, Correspondence invited.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD
THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES
THE
BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS
FOR PERUSAL IN THE MORNING AND NOON
AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION.
ALSO
HOME-PAPERS AND MAGAZINES,
Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers
FOR TERMS APPLY TO
VINCENT AND COMPANY.

SALES BY AUCTION

CRAWFORD AND CO., NO. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF FURNITURE AND FITTINGS OF A HAIR CUTTING SALOON.

Under instructions from N. C. Macleod, Esq., Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Girdhar Ramji Purohit and others, in solvents, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 11-30 a.m., (S. T.) at Kalbadevi Road, opposite Master's Persian Hall Depot the following furniture of the hair cutting saloon known as Imperial Saloon such as looking mirrors, marble-topped tables, hair brushes, combs, shop rails, punkhas, chairs, hatstand glass, snow cupboards and cases and other requisites.

Cash will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE.

Under instructions from N. C. Macleod, Esq., Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate of H. J. Customjee and Co., Insolvents, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 28th Instant, at 3 p.m., sell by Public Auction at Tamarind Lane, Fort, next to St. Thomas Cathedral substantial office furniture made to order consisting of large and small glass cupboards, safes, as lamps, large size cup boards in two places, Dansgaree typewriter, book, office and writing tables punkhas, chairs, copying press, etc.

The above is on view.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 29th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 7, Head House, Ormiston Road, Apollo Bunder, (opposite the Taj Mahal Hotel), the valuable and neat dining room, drawing room and bedroom furniture, sideboard by Wimbridge, telescopic dining table with extra pieces, sideboard, dumbwaiter, drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs in divans, cabinets, English bedstead, almyrah, cloth's press, chest of drawers, sweet-toned ebonized cottage piano by Rose, lady's and gent's bicycle, bullock gharry, screen, silk screen, Persian carpet and rugs carved cabinet and flower stands, Singer's Sewing Machine, glassware, crockeryware, plateware, table ornaments, lamps, pictures etc. etc., the property of Max Donelly, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On FRIDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Soonu House, 4th Woldhouse Road, close to the Roman Catholic Church, valuable and handsome French polished teakwood and blackwood dining-room, drawing room, office and bed-room furniture, drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs lined velvet, bevelled mirror panels, marble-top octagon tables and teapoys, lady's Davenporte, wall brackets sliding dining tables, sideboards, dinner waggon, office table, book cases, revolving office chair, bevelled mirrored, single and double almyrahs, dressing and washhand tables, glassware, crockeryware, plateware by silkerton and others, table ornaments, pictures, carpets, Japanese jars, and many other articles, also a pair of silver plated steak knives and forks in case, camera with lens, bungalow square piano by S Rose and Co, copper cooking utensils, set of single harness, etc. the property of H. Hensman, Esq. proceeding to England.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view.

The property of another gentleman—
1 Humber Motor Car with hood, in good order,
The property of a lady :—
1 Rubber tyred open side brougham almost new.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE NEW BOOKS, OLD CHINA PLATES, GOLD EMBROIDERED AND SILK BORDERS ETC.

On SATURDAY, the 31st instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction by order of the consignee at the corner of Meadow Street and Hammam Street, near and opposite Messrs. Morenas & Co.'s old shop, a large collection of valuable new books bound in Morocco leather and cloth, consisting of History of the Nizam in English, Gilt and Illustrated Gympses of India, Blakes, Life and Times of Queen Victoria, History of Freemasonry by Robert Gould, Uniform Light Infantry, Representative Men of the Bombay Presidency, Famous Pictures of the World, The Life and Reign of Queen Victoria, British Boer War, Magic City, a few pieces of old China plates, gold embroidered and silk borders &c.

The books are on view.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 25 TONS TASMANIAN WOOD SCANTLINGS.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 31st instant, at 4-30 p.m. S. T., at Tank Bunder, by order of the consignee,

About 30 to 35 tons of Tasmanian Blue gum and Stringybark scantlings of 50 cubic feet.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the things to be cleared away within two days from the sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 4th proximo, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Queen's Mansion, Apollo Bunder, the superb valuable and substantial made teakwood and blackwood household furniture, viz., dining-table and chairs of eight, handsome sideboard, ice chest, consuls, Japanese stands, table round table, set of cabinet, revolving bookstand, pedestals, large mirror almyrah, wardrobes marble topped dressing and washhand tables, Thonet's safe, easy chairs, etc., the property of K. D. Lala, Esq., changing residence.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On THURSDAY the 5th proximo at 2-30 S. T. Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Bolton Gateway next to the Apollo Hotel valuable and substantial and neat, designed household furniture such as drawing room, suit of sofas, and chairs, cabinet, writing table, easy chairs, chest of drawers, marble top tables, side board, large mirror glasses, cotton bedstead, almyrahs, cloth's press, hall carpenter stand and wash hand tables, mosaic, hanging and table lamps, flower pots, hot water Boiler cooking utensils and other miscellaneous articles, the property of a deceased gentleman

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO

Bombay, 20th March, 1906.

MENESSE AND COMPANY, No. 33, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on THIS DAY WEDNESDAY the 28th instant, at 3-30 p.m. Standard Time, the materials for removal of the following buildings :—

The materials of buildings street Nos.

FISH SEASON 1906
OYSTERS
IN PRIME CONDITION.

POMFRETS, SALMON, PRAWNS,
PACKED IN ICE AND SENT TO ANY RAILWAY STATION IN INDIA.

This being a seasonable speciality, W. B. GREEN & Co. make every necessary arrangement for the PROMPT DESPATCH of all goods ordered to ensure their arrival in good condition.

For the prevention of unnecessary delay, please address all orders direct to W. B. GREEN & Co., Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

W. B. GREEN & CO.,
PROVISION SUPPLIERS TO
H. E. THE VICEROY & OVER 300 CLUBS AND MESSES,
APOLLO BUNDER,
BOMBAY.

DERMINA SOAP.
UNEQUALLED FOR THE COMPLEXION.
UNRIVALLED AS A TOILET-SOAP.
A LUXURY FOR THE BATH.

By its general use in the nursery, children are protected from many infectious diseases common in the East, such as Dhoby Itch, Scarlatina Measles.

ABSOLUTE CURE FOR ECZEMA.
Per Box (3 cakes) Rs. 1-8.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS AND STORE-KEEPERS.

BEYNON & CO.,
THE ESPLANADE PHARMACY,
BOMBAY.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
Opposite the Town Hall.
Further extensions and renovations.
Rooms airy and commodious
with bath-rooms attached to each.
Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.
Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.
Cuisine a Speciality.
Apply to the MANAGER.

IMPORTANT TO MOTORISTS.
ENTIRELY FRESH STOCK
OF
ENGLISH-MADE
MOTOR-GOGGLES
Most decent in appearance
Suitable for Hot Climate.
ALSO
ENGLISH-MADE
CLINICAL THERMOMETERS
of Best quality and highest make.

CAN BE HAD OF
PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & CO.,
OCULISTS AND OPTICIANS,
7, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite General Post Office.

PRICES EXTREMELY MODERATE.

BURMAH PETROL.
"PETREL BRAND" gives most regular and economical work. Special Rates to MOTOR CAR OWNERS. Apply for prices and counterfoil order book to SHAW, WALLACE & Co., Agents, The Burmah Oil Co., Ld., Church Gate Street Fort Bombay.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen	24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,,	18,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND	,,	10,300,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS	,,	1,000,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND	,,	1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

London.	Shanghai.	Port Arthur.	Kobe.
Lyons.	Hongkong.	Mukden.	Osaka.
New York.	Tientsin	Tairen.	Tokyo.
San Francisco.	Peking.	Chefoo.	Nagasaki.
Manila.	Newchang.	Tieling.	Bombay.

LONDON BANKERS.
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH.
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNTS. FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.
K. KODAMA,
Manager.
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.
HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

FISCAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CHINA AND THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Capital paid up..... Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits..... Gold $3,332,260.55

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Str. Within, E.C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Manila.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	City of Mexico.	San Francisco.
Hongkong.	Shanghai.	Washington, D. C
Kobe.	Yokohama.	Canton
Cebu	Penang.	Monterey.
	Panama.	

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/48, Church Gate Street.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.
CAPITAL (paid up) ..... Rs. 15,60,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ..... Rs. 20,00,000
HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.
BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.
CORRESPONDENTS:
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rate which can be ascertained on application.
BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.
H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL £532,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £562,500
RESERVE FUNDS £135,000
HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY.	KURRACHEE.	CALCUTTA.
MADRAS	COLOMBO.	KANDY.
GALLE.	SINGAPORE.	PENANG
HONGKONG	and SHANGHAI.	

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,01,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.
JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$	100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$	100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$	9,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$	100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:
J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.
London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY Ld.,
LONDON COMMITTEE.
SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt.)
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular And Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.,
A. M. TOWNSEND,
C. S. ADDIS Esqr. } Managers,
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	KOBE.	RANGOON
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SAN FRANCISCO.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balans if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Credits granted on approved Securities and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial place in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
J. A. JEFFREY, Acting Agent,
7 Church Gate Street, Bombay.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Trafalgar, 2920 tons Captain J S Crechton sail yesterday for Antwerp and Havre with a general cargo

The Asiatic S N Co's steamer Nizam, 2011 tons, Captain J W Cockhill, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via Coast ports, with a general cargo.

The Austyan Lloyd's S N Co's steamer Trieste, 2203 tons, Captain D Mistrarigo, arrived in harbour on Monday, evening from Trieste via Karachi, with a general cargo

The steamer Dunrobin, 2319 tons, Captain M B Ransom, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Barry via Suakim in ballast.

The steamer Florican, 2381 tons, Capt A Wark, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Calcutta, with a cargo of coal. The Captain reports that his vessel passed the B I S N Co's steamer Colabaria, in latitude 1249 degree N and longitude 73·54 degree E broke down. The Colabaria left here for Calcutta via Colombo, in ballast on the 22nd instant

The B I S N Co's steamer Warooega, 1602 tons, Captain P S B Butler, arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Busreh via Gulf ports and Karachi with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Miss Rigor, Mr Dencos, Mr H Rezook and friend Mrs C Russo and child, Mrs Carr, Miss Petty and two children, Mr Meyer, Mr H S Suleman, Mr H Shunse Mr S H S Csack and deck.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA MAIL.

The P and O Co's steamer Dongola, 4723 tons, Captain G Philipps, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday, from Shanghai via intermediate ports with China and Australian Mails, a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr H Summer, Mrs B Thompson, Miss A E Woodmason, Co W Chase, V C C B, Rev Can J H Beck Mrs Barson, Mr A L Marl Kar, Mr A Rakinson, Mr A T C Manker, Mr J B McAdam, and Mr R W Harter, and two deck

ARRIVAL.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
26	Warooonga s	Butler	Bussreh, Mar 15
	Trieste s	Mesrorigo	Trieste, Mar 6
27	Florican s	Wark	Calcutta, Mar 17
	Dongola s	Philipps	Shanghai, Mar 6
	Dunrobin s	Ransom	Parry, Feb 7

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
27	Zillah s	Bartlett	Calcutta
	Secunder s	Main	Mauritius
	Lama s	Williams	Karachi
	Trafalgar s	Crichton	Antwerp, &c
	Nizam s	Cockhill	Calcutta, &c

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Steamer Franconia, for Liverpool etc
" Titania, for Liverpool, etc
" Dongola, for China
" Dunrobin, for Leghorn
" Trieste, for China, etc
" Azadi Keri, for Persian Gulf
" Warooga, for Persian Gulf

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Avoca, left Marseilles on the evening of the 24th instant

The P and O Co's steamer Macedonia, arrived at Suez, from Bombay, on the morning of the 25th instant

The Homeward bound Messageries Maritimes Co's steamer Australien from Bombay arrived at Aden, on Tuesday, on the 27th instant, at 3 a.m.

The Florio and Rubattino S N Co's steamer Ischia, from Hongkong, left Penang for Bombay, on the 26th instant.

The N Y K Chartered steamer Arroo, arrived at Kobe, at 8 a.m, on the 27th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS, MAR 27.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
City of Bombay s—3149 bales cotton Gaddum and Co; 200 bales cotton Ralli Brothers
FOR LONDON.
Franconia s—2000 cwt cottonseed W Becher; 4000 cwt cottonseed D Nanji and Co; 56850 cwt cottonseed 2000 cwt castorseed and 7000 cwt mussoor Ralli Brothers; 503 cwt myrabollam W Becher; 25 bales hemp K Reeve and Co; 437 cwt gum and 3 cwt rainpatri N Rusmiloo.
Persia s—61 cwt gum M Lujee; 24 cwt fishmaw R Dhanjee and Co; 41 cwt Ganga A Ghagia and Co; 50 boxes lemon drugs olt M J Joomabhoy and Co; 39 bales skins W and A Graham and Co; 70 bales skins H M Abbund A H Mahomed; 2 bales skin and 3 cwt fishmaws J Jan Mahomed.
FOR HAVRE.
Trafalgar s—101 bales cotton Ralli Brothers
Dunrobin s—111150 cwt cottonseed and 1969 cwt kuddi cakes Ralli Brothers
FOR DUNKIRK.
Franconia s—1903 tons manganese ore Kiddle Reeve and Co; 1000 tons manganese ore Erust Lam and Co
FOR ANTWERP.
Colaba s—(8 bales hemp Tyabbe and Co; 110 bales cotton The Bombay Company
Trafalgar s—276 bales cotton Volkart Brothers; 1000 cwt gingelly seed John Fachtre
FOR HAMBURG.
Trantenfels—220 bales cotton Glade and Co, 685 bales cotton W Wulf and and Sons
FOR HULL.
Tokio s—6500 cwt cottonseed and Lones Dreyfus and Co
FOR BREMEN.
Trantenfels—170 bales cotton Glades and Co
FOR ST. PETERSBURG.
Tokio s—4 bales cotton Ralli Brothers
FOR NEW YORK.
Persia s—29 cwt gauga M J Joomabhoy and Co
FOR GENOA.
Clan Chatten s—1001 cwt linseed A Blaschsek and Co; 2000 cwt linseed Killick Nixon and Co; 1500 cwt old iron Ismailee Alibhai; 1010 cwt old iron E B Parikh; cwt oilbaunm M J Joomabhoy and Co; 100 tons old iron Surufally Mamoojee and Co
FOR TRIESTE.
Imperator s—585 bales The Bombay Co; 110 bales cotton The New Mofussil Co Ld; 224 bales cotton Ralli Brothers
FOR FIUM.
Imperator s—100 bales cotton The Bombay Co
FOR MARSEILLES
City of Bombay s—170 bales cotton Ralli Brother
FOR BARCELONA.
City of Bombay s—200 bales cotton Ralli Brothers
FOR HONGKONG.
Tientsen s—400 bales cotton M M Essabhoy 23 bags wheat flour A V Jivakar and Co; 7 bales twist Palanji and Co; 100 bales twist Pirozza and Pelit and Co; 1000 bales twist Sassoon J David and Co
Dothis s—151 shaksfile R Dhanjee and Co; 29 cwt kanoo and 20 cwt oilbaunm R Jewandas
FOR SHANGHAI.
Delgi s—250 bales twist N Phiroz; 200 bales twist R Canjee and Co

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS BY MAJOR T. W. CUFFE, A. D. C. COMMANDING.
Bombay, March 23.
1 Extract from Brigade Orders dated 21st March 1906, published for information—
No 412—Leave—Volunteers
The undermentioned Officer is granted leave of absence out of India for 7 months from 1st April 1906
Major T W Cuffe, A D C, Bombay Light Horse.
By Order
T. W. CUFFE, Major,
Commanding B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D. COMMANDING.
Bombay, March 23.
123 Musketry—To-morrow Thursday the 29th instant The Range at Ghat Kopar is available for Class Firing—those members of the Corps who have not yet completed are requested to do so as as this will be last day of the season for Class Firing.
By Order,
G. D. PRICE, Captain,
Adjutant B. V. R

PASSENGERS PER S. S. "NERA".

The following is the list of passengers expected from Marseilles per Messageries Maritimes Co's steamer Nera, to-morrow, at 4 p.m.:—

Lieut-Colonel Mrs C B Baddeley, Mr A De Souza, Mr H Hardinge, Mr E Hardinge, Dr Harrison, Dr A Harrison, Mr and Mrs Hasper and family, Mr H J Jewell, Mrs Kennaway and child, Major and Mrs Lachlan, Mr Maunder Mr and Mrs Nauld and two daughter, Mr Pellersen, Mr Parelwalla, Capt and Mrs J Stephenson, Mr J W Wood, From Adelaide—Mr Wassilieff. From Fremantle—Mrs Picard. Sydney—Mr L Bernard. From Noumea—Mr Girard. Mr M Renella, Mr Grault, Mr Jung. To St Cyr Mr De Sabeurath.

HOW TO KEEP COOL
All who suffer from the heat should add a few drops of Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath.
A Condy's Fluid Bath imparts a delightful sensation of Coolness, Freshness and Purity. It invigorates the body and braces the nerves. The Cooling effect is Simply Magical—It is so lasting.
Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists. Beware of substitutes, all of which are inferior in composition and strength. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, MARCH 26.

SECURITIES—

2 1-2 per cent. Consols	90 5-16	= — 1-8
3 do. Rentes	99 1-4	= unchanged
3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan	105 3 4	= do
3 1-3 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	66 3 8	= + 1-16

SILVER—

Spot in London	30 1-4	= + 1-16
2 months hence	29 13-16	= + 1-8
Spot in New York	65 1 2	= + 1-4

EXCHANGES—

Paris cheques	25·13	= unchanged
Berlin	20·23 2-4	= + 1-1
New York Demand	4·85 1-4	= + 1-4

DISCOUNTS—

Bank of England	4	per cent	= unchanged
3 months sight Bank Bills	3 1-2	do	= do
6 " " Fine Trade	3 1-8	do	= do
3 " " Fine Trade Bills	3 7-8	do	= do
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 7-8	do	= do

INTEREST—

Day to day loans	3 5-8	do	= — 1-4
7 day market loans	3 7-8	do	= + 1-8

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £ 400,000.

RUBBER—
Para Rubber 5s 5 1-4d value
WHEAT—
Afloat for U K 4,900,000 tons dull
RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore 42 + 1-4 A-M sellers firm
Brown 40 + 1-4 A-M sellers firm
LINSEED—Firm
COFFEE—
Coffee in New York $ 1-4
ARRIVALS—
Steamers—River Clyde

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed active. East Indian quiet. Manchester steady. Total Sales 12,000. Spot 6·05. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 9 5-16. Sold on speculation and for Export 1,000. Futures closed quiet but steady.

Mar.-Apl. 5·89 +1	Apl-May 5·90	May-June 5·93
June-July 5·94 +1	July-Aug. 5·95 +1	Aug-Sep. 5·92 +1
Sep-Oct. 5·73	Oct-Nov. 5·63	Nov-Dec. 5·67

Receipts at U S Ports	15,000
Do last year	24,000
Exports to Great Britain	7,000
Do. do Continent	4,000

IN NEW YORK—
Spot 11·70 — 5
Futures, month of March 10 93 — 6 } a
Do. do. July 11·10 — 6 } a
Advanced early owing to bull support and short covering and declined later through bear pressure largely from New Orleans.
IN NEW ORLEANS—
Spot 11 1-8
Futures, month of May 11·18 — 5
Do. do. July 11·29 — 6
Tone at close quiet

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 48 hours, ending at 6 p.m. on Tuesday, 27th March 1906:—

Cotton	11,690 bales.
Wheat	6,622 cwts.
Linseed	18,351 do
Rape, Rai and Mustard	1,459 do
Gingellyseed	1,501 do
Poppyseed	34 do
Groundnut	567 do
Castorseed	4,134 do
Rice	2,957 do
Myrabollams	2,773 do
Cottonseed	7,640 do
Myrasseed	11 do
Gram	2,293 do
Joowar	715 do
Maize	nil

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.
Gold Bullion, Rs. 9,62,10
Exports Bengal, from Sydney

BOMBAY, MARCH 27.

EXCHANGE.—Tone quiet.

Bank T. T.	1s 3-15-16d.
Bank Demand	1s 3 31-32d
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D.A.	1s 4 5-32d.
Do. 6 do. do.	1s 4d
French Francs 3 do. do.	169 1-2 =
Marseilles 3 do. do.	138 1-2
Hongkong 30 Days Sight	150
Shanghai 30 do	209
Japan 30 do.	150

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—3 1/2 per cent. Tone quiet.

Cash	98-8
1st Settlement, 30th March	98-8
2nd do 30th April	98-8

Money Market. Tone easier.
BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 28th Sept.	4	per cent.
Bank of Bombay do. 22nd March	7	do.
Bank of Bengal do. 22nd "	7	do.
Bank of Madras do. 16th Jan.	8	do.

SEEDS.

LINSEED—Tone steady.

	Rs	a.	p.
Ready	8	0	0
Forward May	8	5	6

RAPESEED.—Tone steady.

Brown Cawnpore	April-May	6	14 0
Yellow Cawnpore	do	7	3 0
Yellow Guzerat	do	7	7 0

POPPYSEED—Tone quiet.

Ready		7	15 0
Forward	April-May	8	1 0

CASTORSEED—Tone steady.

Ready		24	4 0

GINGELLYSEED—Tone steady.

Howree Khandeish		47	0 0
15 per cent. Mixed		46	8 0
25 do. do		45	8 0
50 do. do		44	8 0
Black Kutnee		41	8 0

WHEAT—Tone quiet.

White Delhi	April	4	14 0
White Karachi	ready	5	0 0

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.
Tone quiet,
Estimated sales 10,000 Bales
Imports 1,900 "

Mar.-April	April-May	May-June.
5·87	5·88	5·90
—2	—2	—3
June-July	July-Aug	Aug.-Sept.
5·92	5·93	5·90
—3	—4	—3
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·71	5·65	5·65
—3	—4	—2

COTTON.—The market remains quiet but steady. There is a small enquiry for ready lots but we hear of little doing for forward delivery.

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited:—

	Fine.	F.G.	Good	Deliv.
Bengal, H. G. (Ry. terms)	193	183	...	Ready.
Bengals (M.-G.) Ry. terms	200	190	...	do.
Sind-Punjab (M. G.)	199	189	...	do.
Oomrawuttee (descriptions) M.-G.	216	210	..	do.
Khandeish (M.-G.)	211	204	...	do.
Jaigaum (M.-G.)	213	206	...	do.
Khundwa (M.-G.)	210	...	...	do.
Khangaum fair staple (M.-G.)	216	210	...	do.
Karanja do. (M.-G.)				
Akola do. (M.-G.)				
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.-G.)	221	215	...	do.
Nagpur Kamptee (M.-G.)	228	223	...	do.
Broach (M.-G.)	218	203	200	do.
Surat (M.-G.)				
Yeotmal (M.-G.)	223	217	...	do.
Muttia (M.-G.)	207	200	...	do.
Dharwar (S.-G.)	257	25th. May		
Westerns	235			do.

THE CITY MORTALITY

THE Municipal Office return for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m. yesterday give the following results:—

Wards.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths (by all Causes).
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	3	2	12
B Mandvi, Dhakis, Cumbarkhadi and Dongri	40	32	61
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	51	39	55
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Malabar Hill	6	6	19
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	37	33	75
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	5	5	14
G Mahim and Worli	8	8	17
Water Division	0	0	0
North-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	5	15
Total	150	128	268
Total plagues deaths to date	3,38,310	2,03,325	
Same date last year	95	160	218

SMALL-POX.

Attacks	Deaths
6	3

FLORILINE.—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant Floriline being composed in parts of Honey and Sweet Herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notices which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Re 1 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional lines. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

MITCHELL-INNES.—March 22, at 9 Pretoria Street, Calcutta, the wife of N M Mitchell-Innes, of a daughter

DEATH.

LOULIE.—March 20, at Pollachi, Coimbatore District, Florence, the beloved wife of Joseph Loulie, of the Forest Department, Mount Stuart.

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PROTUMEN	1 " "	2 6 "
PROTUMEN	Corn floor	0 12 "
PROTUMEN	Arrowroot	0 14 "
PROTUMEN	do.	1 8 "
PROTUMEN	Chocolate Cakes	0 8 "

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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 53m. Sun sets, 6h. 12m. High water, 1 4m., 1-33a. Low water, 7·0m., 7-12a.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-15 p.m. S. T.
Motor Union, annual meeting, Taj Mahal Hotel, 6 p.m.
Evening Concert by the London Ladies Trio, Taj Mahal Hotel, 9 30 p.m. S. T.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, and Japan per s. s. Treiste will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a.m. on Friday.

ACCIDENT WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF LIQUOR.—Natboo Pillaji, a Hindu aged about 18 years, residing at Jail Road, while under the influence of liquor attempted on Saturday last, to light his "biddi" from a kerosine oil lamp. In doing so he upset the lamp, setting fire to his clothes. He sustained burns to his limbs and was removed to hospital, where he died yesterday of his injuries.

BOMBAY ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY.—The Ordinary Monthly Meeting of the Society will be held in the rooms of the B.B. Royal Asiatic Society Town Hall, Bombay to-day at 5 p.m. (Standard time). The papers to be read is "Elem-i-Khafa, i. e., the Science of interpreting Human Character from the Physical Nature of the different parts of the Human Body." by Khan Bahadur Byramjee Byramjee Pateil.

ST. JOHN AMBULATION ASSOCIATION.—At the competition held at Jubbulpore on Monday for the Ambulance Shields presented by H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, Grand Prior of the Order, for annual competition amongst Volunteer Corps and Railway Employees in India, the Shield for Volunteers was won by the Bombay Volunteer Rifles, and that for Railways by the East Indian. The following were Examiners:—Major A. E. Bery I. M. S. Capt. J. C. Kunhardt I. M. S. Capt. F. E. Wilson I. M. S.

THE B.S.P.C.A.—During February 7 bullocks were sent to the Pinjrapole as being unfit for work, at the instance of the Agents of the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, with the permission of the Presidency Magistrates and with the consent of the owners; while 12 horses, 5 Buffaloes and 122 bullocks were sent to the Bai Sakarkai Dinsha Petit Hospital for Animals at Parel for curative treatment 153 offenders were fined for cruelty to their animals, 61 cartmen were fined for overloading their carts and 10 offenders were warned and discharged by the Magistrates.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. S J. Sarjant, V. D. and Officers of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Vol. Band will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Band Master, commencing at 6 p.m. to-day.

March	Sylvia	Monk
Overture	La Domin Noir	Auber
Select on	The Orchid	Monckton
Intermezzo	Anona	Grey
Selection	A Runaway Girl	Caryll
Valse	Avant Le Bal	Waldteufel

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO RESTAURANT.—The Victoria String Band will play the programme of music at the Pyrke's Apollo Restaurant between 7 and 10 p.m. to-day.

March	Unter Dem Siegesbanner	
Overture	Light Cavalry	Fraugam Blou
Valse	Reminiscence of Austria	Suppe
Polka	The London Berlin	M Wurm
Selection	Faust	K Kaps
Interlude	Music hath Charms	Gunod
American Sketch	Down South	Crowe
Cake Walk	Wishing Rufus	Myddleton

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. G. S. Hogge and Officers, the Band of 113th Infantry, will play the following programme of music at the Victoria Gardens under the direction of Mr. H.W. Toner to-day commencing at 6 p.m.

March	The Avenue	J Ord Hume
Overture	The Light Cavalry	Suppe
Selection	The White Chrysanthemum	Suppe
Valse	Terpsichore	S Translateur
Cake Walk	Laughing Water	T W Heger
Serenade	La Paloma	S De Yradier

MUSIC AT GREEN'S.—The Taj Mahal Hotel Orchestra, under the direction of Mr. Floyd, will play the following programme of music at W. B. Green and Co.'s Apollo Bunder Restaurant, to-day, during dinner hours:—

March	Man behind the Gun	Hull
Valse	Lesscarires	Waldteufel
Overture	L'Italienne a Alger	Rossini
Barn Dance	Smiles	Squire
Two Step	The Dandy Coon	Darewski
Valse	A Nos Amours	Wibert
Selection	The Geisha	Jones
Galop	Hue Dada	Gentil

AN EXPLANATION.—With reference to a report in yesterday's paper relating to the estate of Moosabhoy Tharia Topun, we are asked to explain that the appeal of the receiver, Mr. N. C. Macleod, came on for hearing some months ago, and was ordered to stand over to enable the British Consul General to move in the suit for the administration of the estate pending in the Bombay High Court. On this motion, the order was made for payment of probate calculated on the whole of Moosabhoy's estate, and the order of the Zanzibar Court against the receiver was set aside.

ACCIDENTALLY KNOCKED DOWN BY A RAILWAY TRAIN.—Mr. F. Byrne, Coroner for Bombay held yesterday an inquest touching the death of Annat Narayen, a Hindu ticket collector at the Matunga Station, G. I. P. Railway. Evidence showed that at about 8-15 p.m. on Sunday while the deceased was trying to cross from up to down platform, he was picked up and thrown a few yards off by the engine of the approaching Jabalpore passenger train. The deceased who was eighteen years of age, was warned by Pandoo Narayen, a porter on the same station, against his crossing the rails, before the accident, as the passenger train was then in sight. Deceased took no notice of the warning. A few seconds after the accident he died of the injuries he had received. A verdict of accidental death was returned.

A SAD STORY OF A EUROPEAN WIDOW.—Mrs. R. Hayter, a European widow, aged about 37 years and renting in a suite of rooms on the second floor of Mr. Byramjee H. Warden's buildings off Clare Road, had been suffering from a wound on her leg for the past five months and was being treated at the St. George's Hospital. She then complained of stomach-ailments and believed she had blood poisoning. Yesterday she was taken by one Mr. Morrison to the Cama Hospital. Returning home from the Hospital at about 7·45 p.m., she cut her throat with a table-knife, inflicting a wound three inches long, one-fourth of an inch wide and half an inch deep. Inspector Gough having being informed of the occurrence she was taken to the J. J. Hospital, close by, where she is now detained for treatment.

THE MOTOR CAR ACCIDENT.

ACCUSED ACQUITTED.

THE further hearing of the case in which Dr. C Fernandez of Messrs. Beynon and Co. stood charged with driving his motor car in a rash and negligent manner was resumed yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. N. W. Kemp, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

His Worship said that in this case the basis of the charge was the speed at which the accused was said to be driving. It appeared that he was driving a 8 H. P. Clement Bayard Car, down Queen's Road at about 6 p.m. on Sunday the 4th instant and opposite the

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

"One who knows."—Kindly say whether you object to confirm your statement of 23rd inst., for our information and in order to assist inquiry.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

HISTORICAL BUILDINGS OF AHMEDADAD.

THE Mahomedan architecture of Ahmedabad forms the subject of the second part of Dr. Burgess' seventh volume of the new Imperial Series of the Archæological Survey of India. It is a beautifully finished work and its illustrations are undoubted works of art. Dr. Burgess explains that the previous volume of the Architecture of Ahmedabad took account of the principal Mahomedan buildings erected there from the foundation of the city in A.D. 1412 to about 1520. There remained, however, several structures belonging to the latter portion of the period that were excluded from want of space, and these taken up in the present volume, whilst the series is continued down into the present volume, and thus the series is continued down into eighteenth century. So, together, with Volume VI of the Western India Survey Reports, which dealt with the Mahomedan Architecture of the districts outside Ahmedabad, this may be regarded as completing the survey of the Gujarat style of Muslim architecture and the three volumes together as forming a monograph on the subject. The Mahomedan remains at Ahmedabad being very numerous, it is only a selection of three that could be surveyed and deliaeated in any detail. To compensate for the omission of others, short descriptive accounts are given of those within the city and suburbs. The step-well or Wav of Bai Harir constructed under Mahomedan supervision but of Hindu execution is included and with it both the adjoining early Hindu well of Mata Bhavani and the sister well to Bai Harir's at Adalaj. The modern Jaina temple of Seth Hathisiugh is included and other temples of the Sravak sect. Further, surveys in the surrounding districts of remains both Mahomedan and Hindu, and some account of these has been added, so as to include the whole of the materials collected. Dr. Burgess regrets that some of the detail in the illustrations is reproduced on a small scale, but financial considerations interposed and it was necessary to treat the beautiful and interesting ornaments from various buildings less worthily than they deserved.

Skipping the wells and their artistic surroundings, Shah Alam first comes into notice. The builder was eleventh of the twelve sons of Mujan Manjla and accompanied the Sultan Qutb-ad-din when he set out to resist the invasion of Mahomed Khilji. After encouraging his sovereign he returned before the armies met at Kapadranji in 1451. He had married Mirgi, a daughter of the Jam of Sind, while Mahomed Shah II had married her sister Moghali. The latter had a son Fath Khan, who was entrusted to the care of his aunt, Shah Alam's wife, and was brought up in his family and there protected from the jealously of Qutb-ad-din. On the death of the Sultan, Fath Khan was placed upon the throne as Mahomed Shah I. During this reign Shah Alam died and his tomb was built by a noble of Mahomed's Court. Rasulabad was the original name of the place, which is now known as Shah Alam, "the dwelling place of the Apostle" and it is about a mile and a quarter to the south of Ahmedabad. The buildings were erected at various dates from 1475 to 1570. What endowments were originally settled upon the tombs and masjid for their maintenance is now unknown, writes Dr. Burgess, though they were doubtless very liberal. But "notwithstanding the strictness of Muslim law for the protection of such waqf endowments, human faithlessness always finds means of evading it and the incomes of these establishments are usually alienated by their trustees and lost." This being so Shah Alam fell short of funds and a sanad was granted in 1670 by Aurungzeb, assigning, for its maintenance and the support of its custodians, six villages. Fifty-four years later the Gaekwar Trimbakrao added three other villages, but when the British took possession of Gusarat most of these had been sold or again alienated. Sir Barrow Ellis objected to the preservation of buildings "whose architectural beauties he did not consider warranted it; whose keepers had hitherto neglected their duties, and because the Mussalmans were the most antagonistic to British rule." The Government of Bombay reminded its officers that it was not because these buildings were, or ought to be, objects of veneration to people of any particular creed, that their repair was desirable, but because the remarkable architecture of the structures rendered them worthy of care on their own account. The Collector declared that the buildings took more of the nature of a monument of the wealth and character of the Mahomedan empire in Gujarat than as a religious building and, as such, deserved to be cared for at the hands of our Government. Nevertheless little was done to preserve them until within recent years.

Considerable space is given to Shah-i-bagh, the Royal Garden palace, built by Prince Mirza Khurram, afterwards Shah Jahan, when Viceroy of Guzarat in 1616-23. Tradition alleges that Shah Jahan built this residence and pleasure garden to give work to the poor during a season of scarcity, but Dr. Burgess thinks it was possible also that it was built to please his wife, the famous Arjumand Bano Begum, when she might come with him to Ahmedabad, and in her honour the suburb was named Begumpur, though Jehangir preferred generally to live at Ujjain, leaving a deputy at Ahmedabad, which however he visited occasionally. In 1638 the Shah-i-bagh was described as the King's garden, very large, shut in by a great wall with ditches full of water, with a beautiful mansion having very splendid rooms. "Everything" it was added, "indicates the taste and judgment of Shah Jahan in planning this lovely retreat from the cares of royalty. It now exhibits a scene of solitude and ruin, except the palace itself." Other Mahomedan buildings are graphically described and attention is then directed to Hathisingh's Jain Temple. It is recorded that notwithstanding all efforts of the Mahomedan rulers to stamp out the Jaina religion in Guzarat it continued to be practised and buildings to be erected for its ritual during the whole period of their rule, and there are now some hundred and twenty temples of this sect in Ahmedabad, which is the head-quarters of the Gujarat Jains. The most notable Jaina temple at Ahmedabad is that of Seth Hathisingh. Together with a dharamsala and a mansion close by it was completed in 1848 at an outlay of about a crore of rupees. The court of the temple is surrounded by cloisters, in which besides three small temples, there are the orthodox number of fifty-two small shrines, each crowned by a sikhara or spire. This gives a dignity to the outer enclosure, combined with a meaning which is seldom found in any other style of architecture, and the whole arrangement leads pleasingly up to the central feature, showing great skill in the subordination of the various parts. Each building of interest is fully described by Dr. Burgess, whose work is more than ordinarily instructive.

THE PROBLEM OF LABOUR FARMS.

THE difficult question of dealing with the unemployed by taking them out of old surroundings and giving them an opportunity of a fresh start in life on the "back to the land" principle, is many years old now, and it is possible to form a more or less accurate judgment of its success in the past and its possibilities in the future. The most active workers in the movement have been the heads of the Salvation Army, and their farm Colony at Hadleigh has become famous. Facts have borne out the general prophecy that whatever palliative merits can be claimed by the Farm Colony, it can hold out little or no prospect of financial success. Such success has not been achieved in Germany, where the land for the purpose is obtainable for a minimum price, and the chances of success in England are infinitely smaller. One of the difficulties lies, of course, in the fact that the labour which will naturally find its way from the towns to the Farm Colony is to a large extent unfamiliar with, and unadaptable to, agricultural work. The report of the Committee of the London Unemployed Fund contains the significant remark, in the account of the relief work done at Hadleigh, that "only a small percentage of the men had any desire or taste for an agricultural life." If to "desire" and "taste" the still more qualifying word "skill" be added, we have, expressed in a single sentence, the insuperable obstacle which will always harass, even if it do not foil, the efforts of those who hope to solve the problem of unemployment on purely agricultural lines. One of the greatest difficulties, looking at the matter from the financial point of view, is that the longer the colony has been in existence the less labour is required. The initial heavy expense of bringing land up to a standard fit for cultivation is equalised by the increase in capital value, but when once this stage has been reached there is a sudden fall in the labour requirements which cannot be faced in any way other than the employment of less men.

This and other serious limitations of the Farm Colony have never been overlooked in Germany where the Labour Colony originated, and with a view to meeting the difficulty the combination of industry with agriculture is more and more favoured. England, however, has an outlet such as is not possessed by Germany. The enormous extent of uncultivated land in the various colonies might well be turned to account by the employment of those trained at the Farms. Initial training at the Labour Colonies, followed by a reasonable period spent on an ordinary farm, should fit many for the life of the colonial agriculturist. We have pointed out before that an enormous amount of the distress which follows unemployment each winter might well be obviated were emigration more popular. The existing schemes need greatly elaborating before the agricultural effort can be classed as a failure, but meanwhile it would be well to extend the industrial side of the work as much as possible. The experience of Germany points distinctly in one direction. The Agricultural Colony, pure and simple, cannot be made self-supporting, nor can it advantageously employ all the labour which must be assigned to it unless a rigid plan of selection and exclusion be followed. If financial considerations are of no importance, and it is simply a question of spending somehow or other the money which a benevolent public subscribes, this objection will lose in weight, though even then it is worth remembering that it should be the purpose of a Distress Colony, rationally devised, to promote the future independence of its workers quite as much as to satisfy their present needs. That this end can best be attained when the chance is offered of acquiring knowledge of a handicraft is the experience not only of the German Labour Colonies, but of the Penal Workhouses, to which in not a few Continental countries vagrants and mendicants are sent for salutary discipline, for these, almost without exception, follow industrial lines and only cultivate agriculture for the satisfaction of their own needs.

THE FRENCH NAVY.

THE French Chamber is realising that Germany is making tremendous efforts to secure supremacy of the seas. This has been forcibly expressed by Admiral Bienaime in commanting on the Naval Budget. The navy, he said, ought to serve not only for the defence of the coast, but also, and above all, to ensure at any price the communications between the mother-country and the Colonies. The first to be accomplished by the Flotillas, and the second by the high-sea squadron, the most important point of the programme, however, is the progress that is being made with shelter ports. Much has already been done to create them, but more remains to be accomplished, especially in the distant colonies. The constructive policy includes the new type of eighteen thousand tons battleships steaming a knot faster than the Patrie type. The War Minister has decided to reduce the armour plating considerably and an alteration has already been made by the suppression of the medium bore artillery. The future, however, opens out with a programme of immense proportions. With an expenditure of three hundred and eighty million francs, it has been pointed out, France will possess forty-two cruisers, sixteen iron clads, twelve look-out ships or "Eclaireurs," one hundred and eight high speed torpedo boats and torpedo catchers, one hundred and one submarines, and one hundred and seventy-one torpedo boats. These will have to be constructed by at the latest 1919. This is an attempt to equalise with Germany, but though in 1919 France should possess 34 ironclads, Germany would have 38 and three cruisers more than France. But for this calculation it was supposed that at the present time France has 23 ironclads which is not the case. The ironclads now in service will be quite out of date in 1919, whereas the oldest German war vessel will not date back more than twenty years. Meanwhile Germany has decided to spend an average of £6,400,000 per year in order to ensure the supply of provision and ammunition to the fleet in time of war. The readiness with which the demands of the French Minister of Marine have been met is clear proof that France has no intention of being left behind Germany in the naval race. Serious complaints have been made that unnecessary delay has occurred in construction and, unless a remedy be found, the Ministry is likely to adopt the system of other countries of giving a portion of the work to private building firms.

THE P. & O. Company's s. s. Egypt, with the outward Mails of the 16th instant, left Aden at 4 p. m., on March 25, and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 9 a. m., on Friday next.

IT is expected that the electric tramway will be ready to commence running on certain sections in Rangoon by the first week in August.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Dholka Railway, for the week ending 10th February, amounted to Rs. 1,555, being a decrease on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 565. Total earnings from 1st Jan. to 10th February, were Rs. 2,156, being a decrease on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 3,698.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti-Valley Railway, for the week ending 10th February, amounted to Rs. 36,943 being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 18,907. Total earnings from 1st January to 10th February, were Rs. 2,48,676, being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 1,40,728.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Prantij Railway, for the week ending 10th February amounted to Rs. 4,258 being a decrease on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 314. Total earnings from 1st January to 10th February, were Rs. 24,788 being a decrease on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 601.

ONE of the conditions under which colonists have been settled on the Jhelum and Chenab Canal lands is that they should breed horses and mules for military purposes an arrangement which is admirable in its way if it can be made effective. But there is said to be slackness on the part of many of the grantees of land and animals of the stamp required are not being produced in satisfactory numbers. It has accordingly been decided that in order to ensure effective supervision and control over the breeding operations four out of the six districts of the Jhelum Canal Colony circle are to be grouped into a separate Chenab circle. According to General Scott's Military Memorandum attached to the Budget, the additional cost will be Rs. 48,375 per annum, but the outlay seems warranted if the breeding operations can be better controlled. The demand for horses and mules is greater than ever, consequent on the military reorganisation scheme, and we must look to these Canal Colonies to keep up the supply.

IT is not in the Punjab at any rate observes the Lahore paper, that lovely woman is at a discount. According to the report on criminal justice in the Punjab, the noticeable increase in the number of matrimonial offences which forms the subject of comments in the Jullundar district is ascribed to the heavy female mortality from plague which has enhanced the value of the surviving women. The Lieutenant-Governor says: "There has been a general steady rise throughout the province in this class of offence since 1901, and considering the excess of female mortality from plague over that of males it seems not improbable that the foregoing explanation may fairly be applied to to the rise in this class of offence." Similarly in the report on civil justice in the Punjab special mention is made of the substantial rise in matrimonial suits and the Lieutenant-Governor remarks: "It is possible that much of the civil litigation under this head is merely the sequel to unsuccessful attempts on the part of relations to obtain possession of women by the institution of criminal complaints against alleged abductors. The cause at work appears to be the same in both cases, namely, the heavy mortality among females caused by plague and consequently keen competition for possession of the women who have survived."

MR. RICHARD HUMBLE, the Karachi Pilot, was the recipient of a handsome gold scarfpin, bearing the Royal initial and plumes, from His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, on the departure of the "Renown" on Monday evening last. In presenting the souvenir His Royal Highness congratulated Mr. Humble on the able manner in which he had conducted the vessel in and out of harbour and alongside the wharf on two occasions.

MR. REA, Superintendent of the Archæological Survey, has been recently conducting some farther excavations at the Amaravati Stupa, and has unearthed a number of sculptures and inscriptions. The most interesting discovery as yet is a circular dagoba, or small stupa, found outside the south gate. It is eleven feet in diameter and is encircled by ten beautifully sculptured marble slabs, similar in design to the one now framed in the Madras Museum, but smaller in size. A large collection of Prehistoric Palæolithic and Neolithic implements has also been made, besides pottery and Andhra coins.

CANON CARNEGIE, rector of the Cathedral Church of Birmingham, gives in the "Treasury" some of his impressions concerning life in the Midland city. Birmingham life is (he says) a very centralised life. It is also a very active life. The bracing atmosphere may have something to do with this. But certainly I have never met a race of people more alive and alert and energetic in their work. All day and every day it is the same. Committee succeeds committee; meeting succeeds meeting; telephone calls fill up the intervals between engagements; there are no idle moments; punctuality means punctuality; if you come to a meeting a minute late you will find that the business has got well under way. It is a very strenuous life, adds the Canon, and it is a very tiring life.

AT THE DOOR OF NATURE'S TEMPLE.

A FANTASTIC PROPHET.

II

THOMAS felt there was no reason to be sorry for the death of the twins. But he asked and asked ever after, why then were beings born Pariahs in this world? Des hommes qui n'ont ni foi ni loi, the disinherited and the despised, for whom no glimmer of hope ever shines, all those whom society crushes or rejects, and are treated as were the Jews in the Middle Ages. Why were men born Parias as assuredly as some were born Lepers? This was no new question. "Es ist eine alte Geschichte, Doch bleibt Sie immer neu," says Heine. It has been asked by millions of men before him, and there has been no reply. But he never lost sight of it. He reverts to it ever in his literary work. He is very angry with those who fly the Parias as if they carried the plague, and who think it no ill-treatment as did the mother of the twins, satisfied that the poor devils do not feel the wrong done them. "I am confounded," says he "at the colossal culpability and the colossal misery of the human heart."

SCHOOL DAYS.

His studies kept pace with the extraordinary progress of his mind. He was the glory of the first school his mother put him to. At 12 he composed Latin verses worthy of the humorists of old. At 15 he wrote lyric poems in Greek and was so proficient that his professor said to a visitor that lad can hold forth before an Athenian audience much better than you or I before a British public. He read the English journals in Greek to himself every morning, thus acquiring a supernatural address in coining periphrases and discovering equivalents. English authors were at his finger's ends, even the oldest that are rarely read. He had saluted the dawn of the "Lakers" as the Renaissance of English poetry, when uncultured critics had not words harsh enough for Wordsworth and Coleridge. This is why he observes later in life that he was thirty years in advance of his time. An alert and unfailing memory kept this immense knowledge at his service, and made of the polemic scholar an object of curiosity for all who approached him.

CHILDHOOD AND OLD AGE.

Nobody thought of treating him as a child. Grave men spoke to him on a footing of equality, and men of letters sought his school. Thus he formed charming friendships, and among the rest was one with a clergyman sixty years his senior, who lived as a sage far from the vain activity of the world. This personage, situated in the heart of Manchester, had a house of silence. The news of the outside world died before it reached its enchanted walls. The servants walked in socks with smothered steps. Large stained glass mellowed the light. From the depth of this peace and quiet the old clergyman worked arduously to convert England to Swedenborg's creed. De Quincey could not understand how his superiors let him have his way. Feeling death approach, he set to breaking the terrestrial ties which bound his soul to the Greek and Latn classics. He read his favourite passages for the last time, and distributed his books among friends keeping his best beloved Odyssey to the last. It was a supreme sacrifice to part with it. Seeing himself alone with De Quincey, he said to him Your favourite is Euripides, but Homer is above all and we owe everything to him. Love him as well I am a soldier of Christ. I see the enemy approach To-day I have looked into Homer for the last time and for fear of my resolution failing me, I give you this Odyssey, my last and beloved gift. Having said this he sat at his organ and struck up a canticle. Such rare intimacies told De Quincey what an exceptional fellow he was. too early in life he acquired the tastes and the sentiments of a man. He was carried away as by a cataract to problems far above his age and his forces. It was a fascination, a fierce and crazy need. They let him travel. He drew hearers every where, amused to see this young fellow speak eloquently on the most serious subjects. They sent him visiting castles. Here beautiful dames caught the contagion for knowledge and set to learning Greek and Hebrew and Theology under his directions. It seemed desirable that he should go to Oxford. If he put in three years at school he could secure a scholarship there and to school he was sent. But he knew much more than his tutors did, and his parents were rich. He appealed to his mother, but appealed in vain. She could not or would not understand it. So one fine morning in July 1802, he ran away from school to reason with his mother personally, a copy of Euripides in one pocket, and of English poets in the other.

THE BURDEN OF THE INCOMMUNICABLE.

The reception accorded to the fugitive was freezing. The interview was embarrassing to both. His Mother awaited in silence the explanation of the delinquent. If he could have pictured to her what he had suffered, what fits of despair, what painful crises moral and physical he had passed through, she would gladly have absolved him. But where was he to find words to move this statue, to explain to this incarnation of rules and of conventions that there are cases when one must jump out the window were the door closed. But words failed him. He saw the inutility of it and bowed his head before the Incommunicable, mysterious and unknown author of a dreadful number of misunderstandings never cleared up. If there is any one evil from which there is no relief, wrote De Quincey nineteen years after, it is the one which results from the Incommunicable. Were a new Sphinx to propose a new riddle, what is the burden which oppresses the heart of man? I would say, it is the burden of the Incommunicable.

SUR LE PAVE.

While at school the excess of ennui, and the restraint against out door exercise had developed in the intellectual youth that germ of oddity which dormant till then, had known no cure. It burst forth in full force when he left his maternal home. He took to rambling in Wales, and had wild berries for food. He slept in the open under the stars or under an improvised tent no bigger than an umbrella. There were wild cows in the mountains, and he slept ill for fear of them. He took to road side inns, and entertained the company at table by talk, the art of which he esteemed most and which made of him the most marvellous talker of his time and country. His family did not know what had become of him. He did not write to them for fear of being taken back. Winter came and with it an empty pocket and an empty stomach. Some good folks lent him a little money and it took him to London. Then he was in the streets, the pavement his home. Those are brilliant pages where he recounts the episode of Anne, the heroine of the pavement of Oxford Street. The Sinner Sonia of Dostoieffsky's Crime and Punishment is not more popular in Russia than is Anne in England. He had recourse to a money-lender. This was an invisible personage. No client had ever seen him. He worked through unprincipled agents who ground the customers to death. A few weeks and he had not a penny or a fire or place to rest in. Not knowing where to go or what to eat, he would have been lost, if the idealist had no Providence at his back, whatever the world in its vulgar wisdom may say. The Athenian prisoners at Syracuse owed their deliverance to their being able to recite verses from Euripides. Even so De Quincey's knowledge of the classics served him a turn.

THE PARIA AGAIN.

The agent Brunell was struck by his familiarity with Greek and Latin Authors, whether speaking of interest or of the amount falling due. If there was any human sentiment left in that wretch, it was his love for the classics which carried him back to those happy days when as a lad at school he had hoped to turn out an honest man. This touched him to gentle issues. Seeing him in the street he gave him shelter in his office. It was a building the walls of which had a famished look. There was no furniture save in Brunell's cabinet and no inmates save a slender, sorry little girl of ten who burrowed underground during the day, and slept on a plank alone at night, the rats for companions and dead with fright. She knew not who she was nor why she was there. Ugly, gawky and stupid, she was a Pariah, riff-raff and that was enough to enlist De Quincey's sympathy. He was touched as the poor creature's joy in learning she was no longer to be alone of nights in darkness in that deserted house which though not spacious looked a vast and sonorous solitude with its four storeys.

PESTANJI DORABJI KHANDALAWALA.

SOUTH AFRICAN PROBLEM

ANOTHER QUESTION OF GOVERNMENT.

Indian Immigrants not yet Considered,

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 26.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Winston Churchill said it was not proposed to introduce a representative Government in East Africa at present, but Lord Elgin was considering the question of introducing some form of Crown Colony Government and any suggestions for the development of the country would receive full consideration.

Mr. Morley, replying to a question, said he was not aware that any negotiations were proceeding for the introduction of Indian coolies into the Transvaal.

THE MOROCCO CONFERENCE.

Prospect Vastly Improved.

LONDON, MARCH. 26.

The first plenary sitting of the Algeciras Conference which has been held for nearly a fortnight was held to-day, but the prospect is now so improved that it will probably meet daily.

LONDON, MARCH 27.

The Algeciras Conference has adopted several Articles of the Police project and a settlement is believed to be probable on the lines of the Franco-Spanish policing controlled by the diplomatic body at Tangier. Though the Inspector will be appointed by a neutral Power.

Berlin continues to discuss the possibility of Count Buelow's resignation and the hereditary Prince of Hohenlohe Langenburg is even mentioned as his successor.

THE INDIA COUNCIL.

A New Member.

LONDON, MARCH 26.

Mr. Felix Schuster, the banker and the defeated candidate for the City, has been appointed member of the India Council in succession to Mr. Le Marchant.

GREAT BRITAIN AND THE PORTE.

The Turkish Ministers are now deliberating about Akaba.

THE RAGGING IN THE GUARDS.

Stringent Enquiry to be Held.

Mr. Haldane, referring to the ragging case in the Guards, said he proposed to direct a full court of enquiry to hold a most searching investigation. Four officers have been arrested and officers on leave have been directed to rejoin the Regiment.

AN ANGLO-JAPANESE BANK.

An Anglo Japanese Bank has been formed with a capital of two millions of which one million will shortly be issued at par.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION.

A Comprehensive Bill.

Mr. Gladstone to night introduced a Bill in the House of Commons, for extending the Workmen's Compensation Act to practically every person working for an employer, including seamen, but excluding clerks and domestics.

THE ITALIAN RAILWAYS.

Nationalisation Completed.

LONDON, MARCH 27.

The Italian Government yesterday acquired the southern railways, thus completing the nationalisation.

THREATENED STRIKE IN AMERICA.

The bituminous coal miners in America have presented their employers with an ultimatum demanding a five per cent increase of wages.

A strike is considered inevitable.

THE LINCOLNSHIRE HANDICAP.

The following is the race for the Lincolnshire Handicap :—

Ob	1
Dean Swift	2
Roseate Dawn	3

Twenty-four horses ran. The race was won by a head, and a length separated the second and third.

The betting at start was 20 to 1 Ob, 9 to 2 Dean Swift and 11 to 2 Roseate Dawn.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, MARCH 25.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Egypt, with the English mails of 16th instant, left Aden for Bombay at 4 p. m. on Sunday the 25th.

THE JAPANESE IN LONDON.

Messages from the Queen and Premier.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 26.

Three hundred Japanese blue-jackets visited St. Paul's Cathedral and Nelson's Tomb and also Westminster Abbey to-day and met with the heartiest reception everywhere.

LONDON, MARCH 27.

Her Majesty the Queen telegraphed yesterday from Sandringham to the British and Foreign Sailors' Society which is participating in the entertainment to the Japanese sailors, saying "Tell the Gallant Fellows I heartily welcome them to our shores."

Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman also telegraphed: "Please convey to the officers and men a cordial welcome from myself and the Government who are pleased to have the opportunity of greeting the representatives of the Navy which has so highly distinguished itself."

The Lord Mayor gave a luncheon to the officers the members of the Japanese Embassy, staff and a number of prominent British Naval Officers, at the Mansion House.

TO-DAY'S VICEREGAL COUNCIL MEETING.

HON. MR. GOKHALE'S QUESTIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 27.

At the meeting of the Supreme Legislative Council on the 28th the Hon. Mr. Gokhale will ask three questions :—

The first framed on the report of an alleged occurrence in Jullunder Cantonment which has been published by the "Tribune" of Lahore. Briefly, the enquiry refers to an attempted removal under orders of Major Cowie of the grandson of Lala Sheokarndas who was suffering from small-pox from Sheokarndas's house to the infectious disease huts. To avoid this Lala Sheokarndas submitted a written application through S. S. O. to the Officer commanding asking that he should be permitted to make special arrangements in his house for the treatment of the boy. Major Stewart assured him that orders would be passed the next day and that nothing would take place. In the meantime at 9 p.m., the police appeared to remove the boy, but Lala Sheokarndas himself removed him to a house of a relative in Jullunder City and on receipt of order's from the Commanding Officer permitting him to treat the boy in his own house, brought him back, the boy dying two days later. If the facts be as above, what notice the Government propose to take of Major Cowie's conduct ?

The second question : Will government be pleased to state what expenditure has up to date been incurred in establishing the new head-quarters at Dacca ?

Question three: Wheather with reference to the question about the "Weekly Chronicle" Government are aware that the paper had alleged that the Mehter woman had complained to the Chairman of the Municipality that she had been assaulted by a Gurkha ? Was the statement of the Chirman taken ? If so, why was it not included ?

SHORTAGE OF ROLLING STOCK ON RAILWAYS

BENGAL CHAMBER'S STRONG REPRESENTATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 27.

The Bengal Chamber of Commerce has addressed a strongly worded representation to the Railway Board regarding the provision of additional rolling stock on Indian Railways. The Chamber recognises that the amount allotted in the Railway Board's programme, viz., 3 1/2 crores, for 1906-07 is a large allottment and they look forward with confidence to an improvement in the future, and they conclude the letter, asking for information on the following points :—(1) Whether the grants now decided on for the next financial year will fully cover the demands made on Government by the different Railways for additional stock both in matter of Engine power and wagons ? (2) If not, to what extents the grants for each Railway will fall short of the amount required to meet the Companies' needs in full ? and (3). If the demands are not being met, whether this is due to the demands being in the Board's opinion in excess of the actual requirements, or whether ir is due to any difficulty in finding necessary funds during the coming year ?

The Chamber says the Government are practically owners of all Railways in India. The Railways carry trade hence it is not unreasonable on the part of the Chambers of Commerce to ask to be supplied with such full information as will satisfy them that the development of trade is being helped forward with all possible vigour.

SMALL-POX EPIDEMIC IN CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA, MARCH 27.

The "Statesman" says the epidemic of small-pox has once more assumed serious proportions. in the weeks ending the 3rd, 10th 17th and 24th March, the deaths were 189 and 102 and 140 and 276 respectively.

BRITISH ADVISERS FOR SPANISH IRRIGATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 27.

A "Pioneer" special cablegram, dated London, 26th instant, states :—Spain has engaged Mr. Hanbury Brown, formerly of the Egyptian Service, and Mr. Buckley of the Bengal Service to advise on the Guadalquiver Irrigation Scheme.

GRATITUDE NOT CENSURE.

A TRIBUTE TO LORD MILNER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 27.

A "Pioneer" special cablegram, dated March 26th, states :—Sir Bartle Frere suggests the giving of a public and emphatic testimony of the nation's gratitude and respect to Lord Milner,

MR. W. J. BRYAN IN BOMBAY.

"THE SILVER-TONGUED BOY."

GREAT SPEECH AT THE TOWN HALL.

Descended from an Irish family that migrated to Virginia with the original Cavaliers, Mr. Bryan retains much of the Celtic charm and fire, modified in some ways and intensified in others by the Americanism instilled through many generations.

According to a sketch of the nine candidates, Mr. McKinley and Mr. Bryan the latter is almost a perfect type physically, tall and full-chested, with nervous earnest face and gift of tongue, Mr. Bryan to his followers fills the eye, appeals to the imagination, plays upon the emotions, and wins devoted enthusiastic personal support.

Bryan's leap into public life through the great speech at the Chicago Convention in 1896 which caused him to be there and then nominated for President, is well known. The secret of his success is the romance of his career, and is less well known. An unsuccessful lawyer, a Nebraska politician of only local reputation, who had served one uneventful term in Congress and failed of re-election, he was in the spring of 1896 a sub-editor and reporter on an Omaha paper at a small salary.

As a reporter he was sent to the Republican Convention in St. Louis, and saw McKinley nominated for President. Other correspondents who jostled the broad-shouldered Nebraskan at the reporters' table little thought that a month later they would be begging him for interviews.

"Whom will the Democrats nominate ?" asked one idly. "I think they will nominate me," answered Bryan, smiling. The correspondent thought the joke tame and dropped the conversation only to recall it later and wonder.

In July came the Democratic Convention, full of discontent and representative of wide-spread social unrest, eager for free silver and Governmental change, but without a candidate. Only one confident opinion as to the candidate was expressed. It was by a plain little woman in the gallery. They will nominate my husband, she said to some one who put to her the question everyone was asking. The plain little woman was Mrs. William J. Bryan. Her husband was a delegate from his State, an honour not very difficult for anyone to obtain.

Bryan knew that he possessed one prominent gift, that of oratory, and given the occasion he could carry all before him. Moreover, his wife believed in him, and this gathering of eager passionate discontented men, the Democratic Convention of 1896 gave the opportunity.

Bryan prepared his speech, in the empty hall with only his wife as audience, and, when the convention had assembled, delivered it at the psychological moment. The party had a cause and enthusiasm, but was inarticulate. Needing a voice, American Democracy found it in Bryan, and fouthwith made the owner of the voice Presidential candidate.

Defeat came, and the voice could cry only in the wilderness, but still was not silent. Trusts Imperialism, centralisation, the power of wealth, the wrongs of poverty, every shade of opposition and every envy of Have Not found expression in this voice of singular beauty in words often of singular emotional power.

The Administration, cried Brayan, has an ear attuned to the slightest pulsation of the pocket-book, but is deaf to the heartbeat of humanity. Reason might remain unmoved at his appeals, but to large audiences their emotional power was tremendous. Bryan's hold on the Democratic masses was unshaken, and when the Democracy assembled again in national convention Bryan was inevitably renominated for the Presidency.

THE NEW BRYAN AND THE OLD.

After his second nomination Bryan pleased his friends and surprised his enemies by his moderation. Having the nature of a great actor as well as of a great orator, he saw a new role was necessary. His speeches were so much moderated that Conservative Democrats who would not at first support him returned to his party.

It is only in the excitement of a public meeting that the old Bryan appears. A question shouted from the audience brings from Bryan, as in earlier days, one of the stirring but meaningless sentences which the crowd applauds, but which his enemies call demagogic. But in these speeches the demagogue ends.

Bryan believes in himself, his mission, his destiny and his cause. Spokesman of much that is advanced and possibly dangerous, he is in many ways old-fashioned and conservative a survival of the early days of the Republic when oratory was ornate, yet life was simple, and the maxim that best government was least government stood undisputed.

Bryan, if elected President, would have acted his part, would had have an accession of personal dignity he now often lacks, would blunder but would try to atone, would take advice but would follow his own mind, would withdraw from China and the Philippines, and try to keep his country at home vigorously minding its own business; so over-careful in this indeed as to snub Great Britain's sympathetic advances and revive America's reputation for diplomatic bad manners.

WHAT HE WOULD DO:—So Democratic would Bryan have been as to disregard some of the things esteemed important in the highly-organised society of a capital, and to give the seasoned envoys from European Courts some uncomfortable half hours. Socially his Administration would have been a return to the earlier and more uncouth days of American life, just as politically he would return to the old times of national seclusion and distrust of foreign nations, especially of England.

Spurning foreign adventure, Bryan would turn his whole energy to domestic change and reform, and, while his own countrymen might profit greatly or lose heavily by his activity, the world at large would be little disturbed because he ruled at Washington.

The American people have to choose McKinley, the sincere opportunist, the conservative man of business, with things at home as they are, and with territorial expansion and active dealings with the world, or Bryan, the orator, actor, and enthusiast, with abandonment of new territory, withdrawal from the family of nations, and four years of active internal change and reform, avowedly for the uplifting of the masses and curtailment of the power of capital. The choice is not altogether easy, nor is the result absolutely certain.

Mr. Bryan, is a great politician, but, unlike Mr. McKinley, had to pit himself against the wealth of the Union. He is sincere, and he knows the value of sincerity. His oratory is vibrant with the golden ring of candour and honesty. His face is many lined and, like the tragic features of a Duse or a Booth, it bears the impress of a thousand excitements, of myriad sensations, for this Nebraska statesman has lived in the midst of crowds for many years. He has talked to millions, and has received, popular homage that has come to no American since the days of Henry Clay.

STILL YOUNG.

He ranged over the great country which he sought to govern for months, travelled amazing distances, and spoke face to face with millions of voters.

In cities and at country cross-roads he told them his aspirations and his ambitions. He spoke two score times and more on many days, and in rain in strong sunshine, and in darkness his voice ever rang out clear, bold, and unbroken.

In 1896 he was the Boy Orator of the Platte. That name is heard no more, though he is still a young man. He has aged since the first grapple with McKinley, and there is a restraint about his utterances that was lacking four years ago, but in its place have come a more exalted eloquence, a deeper, fuller faith in the ultimate achievement of the highest political good by the American people. His own defeat did not dim his faith.

Might is the one power in America to which all will bow. The man who wins in prize ring or pulpit, in politics or trade, is the respected man, the worthy man. It matters not how he won. Myrality does not enter into the question. Money being power, the millionaries have profited by this unwholesome respect for might, and they have gone a long way in establishing a dominant plutocracy.

THE SPEECH AT THE TOWN HALL.

Nor for many a long day has such a perfervid oration been heard in Bombay as that delivered by the American statesman, Mr. Bryan, last night. The Town Hall was pretty full half-an-hour before the appearance of the orator, but by the time he stepped on to the platform the hall was packed to its utmost capacity, stage, gallery, and portico being filled with eager faces. A huge edition of the historic "Stars and Stripes" was appropriately suspended across the organ, and flags of various designs waved all round the hall. A little before six o'clock Sir Pherozeshah Mehta stepped on to the platform, and as usual, came in for an ovation. The Hon'ble Mr. Fulton and Sir Lawrence Jenkins were also heartily received. Lady Jenkins, with a few friends, occupied a seat in front of the stage. Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Sir Sassoon David were also present, and at six o'clock punctually Mr. Bryan appeared, accompanied by Mr. Fee, the American Consul, and the house at once rose to offer him a greeting which showed the distinguished visitor better than words could express that between America and Britain no Entente is required to seal the bond of union. Blood is thicker than water was the keynote of the cheers that rang through the old hall in honour of President Roosevelt's rival for the Chief Magistracy of the American Republic.

The Rev. Dr. Mackichan offered a few words of welcome to Mr. Bryan. He remarked that the present was Mr. Bryan's first journey round the world, and the first visit he had been able to pay to this city. He came amongst us as one whom all nations regarded with admiration, and one who whatever his political sympathies, they all admired the great contest in which he was engaged some years ago, and those qualities of his which awoke so much enthusiasm in the American nation. And that night they have shown him, in the unprecedented numbers in which they had assembled, how deeply touched and honoured they were by his coming amongst them, and how they appreciated the visit of this great American statesman. That was no political platform. That night they had met on the platform which appealed to all humanity. That night they would speak not of political contests, but of the platform which stirred the hearts of all of them. The great lesson of that lecture was to be the lesson of the lecturer's own life : that no political reputation could be enduring if it was not founded upon the strongest sense of moral responsibility and did not spring from the highest spirit of self-sacrifice. And those were the qualities which Mr. Bryan possessed in eminent degree, and he (the speaker) thought it was extremely honorable to their city that it had responded so splendidly to the opportunity given it that night of coming to listen to such a man. Mingled with their desire to hear Mr. Bryan was also a desire to show their respect for the great nation which he represented (Applause). It was almost unnecessary for him to refer to the bonds which bound together their own and the American people. But in India they had their own reasons for feeling grateful to their brothers of Mr. Bryan's land. In times of prosperity and in times of adversity in India they owed much to Mr. Bryan's country. Therefore as the representative of that great country they heratily welcomed him amongst them. (Loud cheers).

Mr. Bryan's lecture was entitled. "The Prince of Peace," and it struck many there present that in an audience of thousands, the vast majority of whom were Hindus, Mahomedans, Parsees, and Jews, that a lecture essentially Caristian in character, and categoried under the divinest title of the Christ, was a little invidious. But Mr. Bryan quickly proceeded to explain his choice of the subject in the first portion of his speech, as will be seen below.

Mr. Bryan received a second ovation on rising to address the audience. He spoke for exactly one hour and first remarked how touched and surprised he was to see the vast audience which had assembled to hear the address which he had come there to deliver. He appreciated the kindly sentiment which had been manifested toward the nation of which he was a humble citizen. It gratified him as he travelled round the world to find a friendly feeling invariably expressed when the word America was spoken. He could say to them that according to his ideal of a nation he would infinitely desire rather that their hearts should rejoice when his nation's name was spoken than that it should be feared. He appreciated the invitation that had made it possible for him to address that meeting and he particularly appreciated the kindness and courtesy shown him by the representatives of his own nation. But even more, did he appreciate the generosity that had been shown him by the large number of people in India who claimed Europe for their Home and yet were resident in this land. But in regard to that evening's address he had to chose a theme, and he was well aware that there were some themes which would not be appropriate to the time and place, for instance, political questions. He knew he could not discuss American politics away from home for much as he liked Americans away from home they were all. Americans, at home or abroad, and they carried their political opinions with them wherever they went. Therefore he could not discuss politics, neither could be discuss questions of interest to Indians, for though he had seen and learned a great deal since he came to India, still, in their presence he appreciated how little he knew. He was troubled therefore as to what subject to choose and eventually he decided upon a religious topic, largely because it was a subject that must appeal to every one amongst them. For in his own way every man was religious. Whether he turned to the Cross in his devotion or whether he turned to Mecca or to the waters of the Ganges the subject of religion must interest them all But there were some people who seemed to think that religion was a thing which one could outgrow, and it was because he had met some such people that he was impelled to choose the subject of religion.

The following were some of the orator's notabilia dicta.

I feel the philosopher (Tolstoi) is right and that religion rests upon the consciousness that our powers of good are limited, and upon the consciousness that evil is ever pressing us, and that having our own sinfulness we are ever seeking for the One who is sinless.

I passed through a period of scepticism when I was at college. I was worried about the theories of creation, and I looked into the book of Genesis where I was told "God created the Heavens". I began to investigate the theories of creation, and I am still investigating.

I used to be worried about the miracles God performed. But that was easily answerd. The God who made a world can do anything.

I hope things which I do not understand now I shall understand in the years to come. I have great respect for the scientists, but I sometimes think the scientists spend so much time in looking down at the earth that they forget all about the sky.

I respect the scientist, but when he gets boastful it is easy to convince him that all of nature's secrets have not been made patent to the scientist,

Every animal that walks the earth carries the secret of life, that all the scientists have not been able to find.

If a man will consent to enjoy life up to what he can understand he will have no time left to worry about what he cannot understand.

One reason why miracles do not bother me is because I have seen in life many more wonderful things than anything I have read in the Bible.

We plant the seed and the crop comes forth and hundreds of millions are fed with the products that are derived from it. We cannot understand that.

Concluded on page 6.

THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT AT ADEN.

MESSAGE FROM LORD LAMINGTON.

The following telegrams have passed between H. E. Lord Lamington and H. R. H., the Duke of Connaught on his visit to Aden :—

Bombay, 23rd March 1906.

To His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, Aden.

On behalf of Bombay Presidency I beg to offer Your Royal Highnesses a hearty welcome on your arrival in Aden and I know that your kind consent to unveil the statue of Her Late Majesty is deeply appreciated by the people of Aden. I respectfully tender to Your Royal Highnesses my best wishes for your safe voyage home. (Sd.) Lamington, Governor of Bombay.

Aden, 24th March 1906.

To His Excellency the Governor, Bombay.

The Duchess and myself are much touched at the kind thought of the Presidency of Bombay in welcoming us to this distant portion of the Presidency with which I was so long connected and of which I cherish such pleasant recollections. It has been a great pleasure to me to unveil this excellent statue of my beloved mother.

ARTHUR.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

THE ANGLO-SPANISH MARRIAGE.

WHAT "THE TIMES" SAYS.

London, March 10th.—"The Times" congratulates King Alfonso of Spain and Princess Ena of Battenberg upon their approaching marriage.

It declares that the personal and political aspects of the marriage are attractive, but the religious aspect is less so, sudden conversions for a purpose not being to the taste of the English nation.

If, it adds, the new Queen visits her English home she will be gladly welcomed, but the nation will not gladly welcome the sight of Roman confessors at Buckingham Palace or at State ceremonials at the Westminster Cathedral.

TEA TROUBLES AT HOME.

The "Times of Ceylon" has received the two following special cablegrams from its London Correspondent :—

London, March 21st.—The Joint Committee of the India and Ceylon Associations have decided to present a memorial to the Chancellor of the Exchequer on the Tea Duty Question, and not a deputation.

Sir Seymour King recommended at the Committee meeting that, if the Budget proposals were unfavourable, there might be a deputation later.

London, March 21.—The resolution on the question of the abolition Cess, to be framed by Mr. Sholto Skrine, has not yet been sent in.

In circles favourable to the Cess it is hoped that the planters will provide a golden bridge by naming a date for the termination of the Cess, otherwise complications are certain to ensue.

THE WESTERN INDIA TENNIS CHALLENGE CUP.

DOUBLES AND SINGLES FINALS.

The final game of the Western India Lawn Tennis Championship played at the Gymkhana on Monday attracted a large number of spectators. The two players were Mr. Rendall who had defeated Mr. Reid, and Mr. Cheetham, who beat Mr. Nigel Jones. Rendall was in splendid form and won his two sets by 6-3 6-1 it being obvious towards the end of the first set that Cheetham had practically no chance. The latter is perhaps the better all round player, but Rendall is far quicker in his play and tired his opponent out by keeping him continually on the move on the back line. The win was by a long score, but nevertheless Rendall by no means had a walk over and the match afforded some excellent sport, in the way of volleying, for the spectators.

The final match in the doubles was played last every before a crowded attendance of spectators despite the wind and dust which made it unpleasant for every one. The match was between Messrs Cheetham and Rendall who were opponents on the previous day and Messrs. T. C. and S. Lucas. The former pair won the first set by six to these, but were outclassed in the second set when Messrs. Lucas won by the same margin. The third set however saw Cheetham and Rendall less tired than their opponents and they won after some really splendid play by six games to two, the majority of the games being very closely contested throughout the match.

THE UNIVERSITY LIBRARY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Recently I had visited our University Library and found that the affairs there were at sixes and seven. In the first place, the premises of the Library were not kept clean, a large quantity of dust having accumulated on the book-cases and on the books themselves. On opening some volumes, I found that the moths had done their work, many of the pages being corroded—the result, I think, of not cleaning them periodically and putting disinfectants therein, while others were sadly in need of a binding. Secondly, the books were not systematically arranged, those on literature being found among those on History, Politics, and vice-versa, while some stray volumes were lying here and there on the tables. But the most remarkable thing, to which I desire to draw the attention of the authorities, is that the public even the graduates and undergraduates, who are the alumni of the University, and for whose benefit the Library is meant, are precluded from having access to it for reading purposes, unless they are recommended by two Fellows. Now it is beyond my comprehension to understand why the recommendation of the Fellows is necessary ? Why should not the graduates be allowed to visit it for reading purposes during the time it is kept open without any restriction being imposed ? Lastly, no books are allowed to be taken home by anybody except the privileged Fellows, without the previous sanction of the Syndicate. Is it not the height of absurdity to apply to the Syndicate for permission every time a book is required to be taken home ? Our graduates, whose penurious circumstances are well known, and who was have to drudge daily from morning to evening at the desk for a pittance, could hardly afford to spend their time in the Library ; hence the imperious necessity of allowing them to take books home. A grave indictment is laid at the doors of the Indian Graduates that they are lacking in originality, in power of appreciation for everything that is noble and elevating in literature, that they do not keep up their reading after obtaining their precious degree, and so on. Now, Sir I should like to know from these irresponsible critics what facilities have been afforded to the poor Indian Graduate, which their confreres in Europe have in abundance ? As the late Government of Lord Curzon has made somewhat liberal contribution towards education to bring the educational institutions in the country to a state of high efficiency, I hope the local Government will not fail to set apart a sufficient sum for the up-keep of the Library, viz., for having all up-to-date books on different branches of learning, and also to have full time Librarian to look after its management. In conclusion, I request the authorities, and especially our present most sympathetic Vice-Chancellor Mr. Selby, to remedy the present state of affairs, for which they would earn the warm thanks of the student world.—Yours, etc.

D. J. K.

It was found on Monday evening that the Cathedral had not passed unscathed by the earthquake which was experienced in the morning. Fortunately no serious damage was done, but a large piece of plaster was dislodged and though it hung for sometime fell in the course of the day.

ART, MUSIC AND DRAMA.

Round the Galleries.

THE BERLINGTON PROOFS.

M. COLONNE AT THE QUEEN'S HALL.

LONDON, MARCH 9.

At the Lafayette Gallery, in Bond-street, the Parisian society of painters who contribute to the autumn exhibition known as the Salon d'Automne, are represented by a few examples brought across the water. The young society is naturally a gang of rebels ; but the rebellion is not altogether of their making—we have heard all the battle-cries before, and shouted in more strenuous fashion. Still, here are men trying to express the artistic unrest that is in them ; and the result, though not volcanic, is interesting. Allard's Canal at Harfleur is most effective, the point method of painting justifying itself completely by producing the liquidness of water and the dry texture of masonry with equally good effect ; whilst the arrangements of light and colour are forceful. Leandre's lithograph of a girl, head and shoulders, shows him in his most delicate vein. Laprede's picture of a girl on board ship, with the harbour beyond, has caught that mastery over the colours that lie in the greys with something of the beauty that we associate with all Manet's best work. Above his canvas is a telling arrangement of two young women, nude, leaping down a grassy slope Towards the Valley, which contains many fine qualities in spite of much crudeness. The figures have a curious sculpture-like quality that grips the attention, and compels some admiration to the overlooking of weaknesses. Amongst other interesting things in this small gallery are four or five delightful little landscapes by Tatton Winter of the R.B.A., of which the Wayfarers, Lancing Mill, Sussex, and The Edge of the Plain show charming qualities, and the Landscape numbered 134 is seen with considerable poetry.

At the Graves Galleries are shown several oil-paintings and lithographs by A. Ballerocho. The Frenchman is best known to us by his lithographs, though his painting has won him honour at the Luxembourg, and shows the technical strength of the Parisian training. His marvellous lithographs of still life are only too rare in the present exhibition, but there are several here shown of woman which are of good workmanship. The very telling lithograph in the portfolio, numbered 111, exhibits his skill in the use of black and white from the resonant deeps of black to the lightest bravura of pulsing white lines. At Mendoza's Gallery there is an interesting exhibition of water-colours by F. Wasley, which show a romantic conception of landscape of which the Passing Storm on the Avon whilst being the least theatrical, is one of the most convincing and admirable. Several of the more scenic effects are, however, full of showy quality—one had almost said melodramatic quality.

At the Carfax Galleries are bronzes by Charles Ricketts and some drawings by Ludwig von Hofmann an artist who enjoys a great reputation in the Berlin art world. As regards the work of Hofmann, one is weighed down with the sense that there is no particular reason why he should be given the advantage of the fine tradition which Carfax's weaves about the artists who have the good fortune to make their bow at these galleries. It is clever, and ordinary, and restrained ; but—rather German. Ricketts's work in bronze in somewhat of a surprise, and yet, when one comes to think of it, his, artistry, lies rather in the direction of the sculptor's than in that of the painter's He always seems just to miss the bays. But in his bronzes he reaches higher than before. There is a restlessness in his massing and in his forms which troubles the eye.

The old harsh motto of Traduttore traditore, is so true of most renderings in literature that it makes an easy analogue in art. We have become so used to the scamped and meretricious imitation of old masters that one might almost coin a proverb and call it reproduction, reprobation. For say what we may of the German chromo of years ago with its blurred out lines, it Kidderminster colour, its commonplace subjects and hackneyed ways, we must still confess that it was frank, at least, and it did not (perhaps it could not) grow worse in multiplication of copies. But one can hardly say even this of many of the monotone reproductions of more recent years, especially those which have posed as art photogravures and photographic etchings. Process, villainous process, hath been the ruin of many suburban interiors that might have hoped for better things, and the London shops, the sale-rooms, and the farmers' windows are filled with these frauds in pictorial clothing.

Just when the glut is at its highest comes a new series, which, in its way, may be regarded as a revolution. The Fine Arts Publishing Company (Limited) have sent out a gallery of what they call Burlington Proofs, thirty-nine in number, and unsurpassable in quality and modesty of price. From their catalogue, with its tiny reproductions, is a work of art, and it gives at a glance an easy and satisfying survey of the giant portfolio now submitted to us. The plates for the most part measure two feet by three, and this, with an ample margin, makes a handsome replica of a good original like the late Charles Furse's Diana of the Uplands, and Mr. Waterhouse's Pandora. They are the result of a mezzogravure process which may or may not have a photographic basis, but certainly bears evidence of either careful attrition or building-up of surfaces, or both. In every case the brush marks and shadow treatment are conveyed with much more fidelity than one would expect in the absence of colour or pigment of any kind. The selection is one entirely of modern English masters, ranging from Millais's Chill October to Mr. MacWhirter's Birch and Rowan, and some of the landscapes of B. W. Leader and Peter Graham, from Whistler's Portrait of His Mother to the favourite women's heads of Romney, Lawrence, and Gainsborough, and from allegories and narrative subjects like Watts's Endymion or Burne-Jones's Flamma Vestalis to Leightons Wedded the Dante's Dream of Rossetti, and Mr. Abbey's beautiful O Mistress Mine. That works like these should be producible for a few shillings each leads one to the hope, so long and deeply cherished by generations of art-workers and art-lovers, that we may become an artistic nation yet, not in the way of schools or periods, but throughout the whole range of our population.

The London Symphony Orchestra has given its eighth symphony concert, under the conductorship of M. Colonne. The programme was exceedingly interesting, and included Schuman's "Manfred, the Paris version of the Overture and Venusberg music from Tannauser, and above all Tschaikowsky's Fourth Symphony. It is not easy to speak with perfect calmness concerning a concert so rich in emotion, so beautiful in expression, and so fine in selection. We may begin, however, by noting as probably the most astounding event of the afternoon the interpretation of the Tschikowsky Symphony. It is curious to observe how many and different opinions there are as to which Symphony by Tschaikowsky should take the highest rank. The majority probably place the Sixth as the finest of his works ; there are many keen musicians who will allot the same place to the Fifth, but with the memory of so grand a performance upon us as that of yesterday we ourselves are more than inclined to the opinion that the Fourth Symphony is the best. We base this judgment on no transient grounds, however, but simply on this ground, that the wonderful performance of yesterday showed the work exactly as Tschaikowsky must have wished it to be shown and expounded its melody, its orchestral construction and its sheer beauty of feeling, in an unsurpassable manner.

Part of it seems to be pure lyrical music; without wishing to search for phrases, one was during the first movement strongly reminded of Browning's lines:—

O! lyric love, half angel and half bird.
And all a wonder and a wild desire.

The only possible change that one might have desired to make in the words would have been, A

lamentation and a wild desire. M. Colonne, with a finely intellectual grasp of the work, gave us this first movement with singular feeling for its construction. Tschaikowsky, in its writing, obviously felt that he must go higher and higher, take flight after flight; we say, obviously, because M. Colonne brought this fact out very clearly in his wonderful interpretation of yesterday. A special word must be given to the clarinet playing in the first movement, playing which was exquisite in every point; it was here that the bird-like quality to which we have referred became so marked. The last movement, however, was probably the best in interpretation, for M. Colonne brought out very strongly the curiously barbaric effect—one had almost written gipsy-like effect— of this strange and extremely Oriental music. As with nearly all Tschaikowsky's longer works, particularly in the two Symphonies which succeeded this one, his mood often changes very suddenly from the wildest high spirits into the absolute gloom of the grave. It was this change which M Colonne brought out with a decision and with a splendid sense of contrast that, at the time, seemed unparalleled. The pizzicato playing of the Scherzo reflects the highest credit upon the powers of the London Symphony Orchestra.

One word must be added concerning the interpretation of the Tannhauser music to which brief reference has been made. It is a curious fact, but it has often been noticed, that this difficult composition should be treated, in order to bring out its full sense of tragedy combined with gaiety, not with any unclassical sense of riot, but with profound attentiveness to every separate direction given by Wagner. The result is that, although we have heard many and many a performance of the Overture and Venusberg music of Tannhauser, we have often noticed that conductors are inclined to let their bands go, to allow them to play just according to their mood; M. Colonne looks at the matter from the right point of view, and the result, was that, although it was clear that he desired to give a sane and correct rendering of the music, he nevertheless succeeded in producing just, the wild effect which Wagner conceived. It may be added that throughout the brass played extraordinarily well.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

WESTERN COMMAND.

80th Carnatic Infantry.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. M. Hitchins, 2nd-in-Command, 81st Pioneer, to be Commandant. Dated 14th March.

Staff.—Captain P. L. Grove Cheshire Regiment Brigade-Major, Nasirabad Bridge, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Nasirabad Brigade, vice Major C. M. Cartwright, 36th Jacob's Horse, proceeded on leave, or until further order. Dated 15th March.

Captain H. B. Birdwood, 39th (Prince of Wales' Own) Central India Horse, to officiate as Brigade-Major, Nasirabad Brigade, vice Captain P. L. Grove, Cheshire Regiment, appointed Officiating Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Nasirabad Brigade. Dated 19th March.

Captain B. G. B. Kidd 123rd Outram's Rifles, to be Unpaid Attache at Western Command Head-Quarters, vice Captain H. R. Hopwood, 33rd Queen's Own Light Cavalry, vacated. Dated 12th March.

Major D. G. Prendergost. 1st Battalion, The Prince of Wales Volunteers (South Lancashire Regiment), to be Commandant, Pachmari (Sanitarium), for.

1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse).—2nd-Lieutenant H. Gillies, 2nd Dragoon Guards, attached 1ft Battalion, Cameronians Scottish Rifles), a candidate for the Indian Army, to be an Officiating Squadron Officer. Dated 11th March.

44th Merwara Infantry.—2nd-Lieutenant St. J. V. Baker. Unattached List, to be a Double Company Officer. Dated 11th March.

30th Carnatic Infantry.—2nd-Lieutenant W. B. Northly, Unattached List, to be a Double Company Officer. Dated 11th March.

32nd Punjabis.—Major H. E. Pritchard, 2nd Double Company Commander, to officiate as 2nd in-Command during the absence on leave of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel M. J. Tighe, D.S. O., or until further orders.

The 101st Grenadiers.—2nd-Lieutenant H. Allardice, Unattached List to be a Double Company Officer. Dated 14th March.

2nd-Lieutenant A. K. Bark. Unattached List, to be a Double Company Officer. Dated 11th March.

103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.—2nd-Lieutenant H W Gold-frap, Unattached List, to be a Double Company Officer, Dated 12 h March.

104th Wellesley's Rifles.—2nd Lieutenant C of S Manners, Unattached List, to be a Double Company Officer, Dated 8th March.

2nd-Lieutenant G Stoddart, Unattached List, to be a Double Company Officer, Dated 9th March.

105th Mahratta Light Infantry.—2nd-Lieutenant E G Mackenzie, Unattached List, to be a Double Company Officer, Dated 14th March.

114th Mahrattas.—Lieutenant R C Wilson, Double Company Officer, 117th Mahrattass, is transferred in the same capacity. Dated 14th March.

121st Pioneers.—Major C Burrard, 2nd Double Company Commander, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command during the absence on leave of Major C G Cranegy, or until further orders.

127th Baluch Light Infantry.—Major W M Southey, 3rd Double Company Commander, to be 2nd Double Company Commander; Captain J H Peck, 4th Double Company Commander, to be 3rd Double Company Commander; Captain H Hulseberg Double Company Officer, to be 4th Double Company Commander, but to remain seconded; Captain P H Dyke, Double Company Officer, to be pro tem. 4th Double Company Commander, but to remain seconded; Captain G G P Humpateys, Double Company Officer, to be pro tem. 4th Double Company Commander, vice Major J C Mennie appointed 2nd-in-Command. Dated 16th January.

2nd-Lieutenant A M Daniels, Unattached List, to be a Double Company Officer, Dated 11th March

2nd-Lieutenant C H F H Harvey Kelly, Unattached List, to be an Officiating Double Company Officer. Dated 11th March,

Consequent on the augmentation of certain Indian regiments,

1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skanner's Horse).—Lieutenant E H Pott, Double Company Officer, 46th Punjabis, to be Squadron Officer on absorption, vice Captain E G Sexton, seconded.

27th Light Cavalry.—Lieutenant W G W Durham Officiating Squadron Officer, to be Squadron Officer on absorption. Dated 1st January

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

BURMA RICE-CROP.

Summary of the rice-crop forecast for the month of February 1906, shows that the percentage relation of the total acreage under rice in Burma to that of British India is on an average of the figures for the five years ending 1903-04—12·1. The area under rice cultivation is now reported to be 6,634,123 acres or 33,507 acres more than the area reported last month. There are also various changes in the anna estimates of outturn, but the net result is that exportable surplus is still estimated at 2,125,000 tons of cargo rice equivalent to 36,17 000 cwts. of cleaned rice.

Little Breakfast Scones

are so good for the children, and their elders, that no breakfast table ought to be without them. They are made easily, and always successfully, with

Brown & Polson's

— raising powder —

'Paisley Flour' (TRADE MARK)

They take only 15 minutes to make, and eat deliciously fresh from the oven. Re-heated, they are as good as new.

Try them to-morrow from recipe on tin.

MR. W. J. BRYAN IN BOMBAY.

(Concluded from page 5.)

Nothing in the form of miracles equals the miracle that is performed when a human soul is purified.

No person ever paid back his debt to his mother. It must be sufficient if in the later year's of the mother's life he is able to pay back a part of the debt.

The man who spends his life in trying to save himself spends a very little life. The large life is spent by the man whose whole object is to save others. It is by forgetting ourselves that we achieve the great things in this world.

It is hard to be humble. If one has money one is proud of it. If a man has learning he gets to be proud of it. If one has distinguished ancestors he gets prouder still. It is said that if a man is humble in time he gets to be proud of his humility.

I do not believe in the theory that because a nation is great it must decay. A nation is made up of generations, and unless it can be shewn that a generation which is as yet unborn is going to be a weaker generation than the one which has made the country great, I shall not believe in the theory about the decay of nations.

I can tell you the history of every man of great wealth. And I can say this, every very rich man spent the first half of his life in getting money from other people, and the last half of his life in preventing people from getting money from him. But he is seldom successful.

And there are some ponderously rich men who have a third period to their lives—a period in which they experience a difficulty in getting people to accept their money.

(A sly dig this at Rockefeller, Carnegie and Co. The audience chuckled delightedly.)

I am glad the Creator did not make happiness depend upon money or social position.

None of us know what pains are in reserve for us, nor what pleasures are in store, but we most of us punish ourselves for our sins, I often think that greatest punishment that could be meted out to a man who has injured his neighbour would be to make him stand beside the man he has injured for a few years and know how small and mean the injured man thought him.

Most of our quarrels and animosities come from the fact that we are all trying to get something from each other. We shall get peace right enough when we are trying to do something for each other.

The scientists can tell you some wounderful things—how many millions of miles one star or other is from the earth, but no scientist can tell you the influence for good of one kind word.

This is a world of platforms. Every country and every party in every country has its platforms, but there is a platform on which we can all meet—the finest platform of them all. Its motto is "Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself." It is a universal platform. The platform of the Prince of Peace.

Mr. Bryan concluded his address amidst an outburst of cheering. The Hon. Mr. Fulton in proposing a vote of thanks to Mr. Bryan, remarked that if ever the statesman should be called to the highest position on the American Republic they there that evening would feel proud and pleased that they had had the honour of meeting him in Bombay. (Loud Cheers.)

The meeting then terminated.

STRANGE STORY IN BURMA.

A REMNANT OF THE ROYAL VISIT.

GOVERNMENT ACCUSED OF MURDER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MARCH 26.

The "Upper Burma Gazette" publishes a most remarkable story of a curious movement in Upper Burma arising in connection with the Royal visit. The story is a wild canard circulated by ignorant people, but not even its gross stupidity prevents its finding many supporters. The "Gazette" in dealing with the matter writes as follows, and does so with the object of warning the authorities that it is necessary to do something to restore confidence:—"When their Royal Highnesses the Prince and the Princess of Wales were in Mandalay, her Royal Highness, it is absurdly stated, dreamt that some Burmans tried to murder her. She said nothing about it then, but when the Royal party went back to Rangoon she told his Royal Highness the Prince of her dream, and his Royal Highness at once issued orders to the Lieutenant-Governor to send and kill as many Burmans in Mandalay as possible. To carry out this order, the yarn goes, a number of kalas, or natives of India were at once sent up with instructions to poison Burmans, and the officials here were informed of what was to be done.

"These assassins had been busy poisoning the water and food of the Burmans and throwing poison along the roads. It is for that reason the people are dying, not of plague, for the people say there is no plague, but of the effects of the poison which the natives of India, Punjabis chiefly go about at night putting into the wells, strewing along the roads and throwing into houses. They ask, "Who are dying of plague? Not the Europeans and Eurasians nor the natives of India, but only the Burmans and Zerbaddis, who are practically Burmans. Hence they must take every precaution to guard against these murderous machinations, and this is what they are doing. Every well is now closed up with a wooden lid, provided with a lock and key, the latter of which is kept in safe custody. Drinking water is kept only where it is under constant observation, and at 8 p.m. all pots outside containing water are emptied and turned mouth downwards, so that no poison may be put in them, and some poor innocent child drink the poisoned water and die. Every house, is provided with a bright lamp put so that it will cost a light on any intruder at night and discover his presence.

"Further, and this is the worst part of the business, vigilance committees have been formed in every block, and patrols of about half a dozen young men, armed with sticks or "dahs," keep strict watch at night and waylay every "kala" they find going about after certain hours. Numerous assaults have already taken place, only some of which have been reported. This state of things exists not only in Mandalay but outside it also, as the experiences of three young men who went on a shooting trip near Mingoon the other day proves. They were taken for poisoners and had to run for their lives. Even the so ated water manufacturers are in the conspiracy it is said, and three footcries have each received Rs. 80 and twenty-five ounces of poison and told to put poison into every twelfth dezen, which must be kept aside for sale to Burmans.

"It is of no use arguing with the people, our informant told us. He lives surrounded by Burmans, who know him well, and he tried to convince them that the story was false. Their answer was that he was a Thakin or European himself, and a Government servant too, and, of course, would speak like that, but they knew better. Did not their own headman believe the story, and tell it to them and instruct them as to what they should do? All over Mondalay the belief is the topic that the people are being poisoned by orders of the Government because of the Princess's dream. The situation is regarded by the "Upper Burma Gazette" as a serious one, and it considers it is time that the authorities did something not only to show the absurdity of the story as generally believed, but to stop the dangerous night patrolling by a lot of scared fools."

A SENSATION has been caused in New York by the assertion of the Rev. Madison C. Peters, that he knew of twenty four young women drinking thirty-six bottles of champagne at a recent private luncheon.

LORD STRATHCONA, the High Commissioner of Canada, has presented to the officers of the Irish Guards at Aldershot a handsome silver punch bowl in commemoration of the visit of the band of the regiment to Canada last autumn.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

Among the Bills to be brought before Parliament this Session is one for the prohibition of the vivisection of dogs. It is promoted by the National Canine Defence League, and has so far received promises of support from a large number of members of Parliament. To any amendment of the Act of 1876 the promoters of this Bill are strongly opposed, for the reason that to endeavour to amend an Act is to proclaim the opinion that, with certain emendations that Act would be a good working measure. On the other hand, to curtail the jurisdiction of an Act, as would be done by withdrawing dogs from the Act of 1876, would necessarily weaken it as a statute, and would establish a precedent for the withdrawal of other animals from its provisions, and would place no obstacle in the way of its repeal.

The Germans sometimes puzzle their heads to find a reason for the continued increase of Socialism among them. It has, however, at least one point in which its followers possess advantages over the upholders of any other kind of political faith in the Fatherland. Much as the official classes dislike the Socialists, it is yet held a great crime to rob a Social Democrat than to pillage anybody else. So, at least, we may judge from the fact that when a soldier of the Strasburg garrison was recently convicted of stealing from the shop of a tobacconist who was also a militant Socialist, the judgment rendered upon him laid down that not only is it a crime to steal, but still more to steal from the shop of a Socialist, any dealings at such a place being expressly forbidden to soldiers.

Other men, other manners. Probably we as a nation, deserve to congratulate ourselves on the fact that American newspaper methods have never succeeded in acclimatising themselves in this country. But, on the other hand, we are thereby deprived of much innocent pleasure in contemplating the lively personalities which form so large a part of the mental stock-in-trade of the average American editor—especially if the paper he controls flourishes—or attempts to flourish—in the wild and woolly West. What, for instance, could be neater and more effective than the following summing up of a rival's capabilities, which recently appeared in a paper published in the State of Kansas:—In conclusion, we will only add that if the brains of the editor of the despicable sheet in question were made of dynamite, they would be insufficient to blow his hat over his eyes.

Henry, asked a Washington school master frecently what is your excuse for being absent from school yesterday? Teacher, was the reply, I was paired with Jimmy Kirkbride. It is exactly to be hoped that such deference to Parliamentary example will not catch on or we shall find our children walking out of school whenever their feelings are hurt.

Uskub has the unenviable happiness of seeing the well-known Albanian leader, Johia Bey, back in its midst. He is one of the Beys who attempted, three years ago, to prevent by force the opening of the Russian Consulate. By way of punishment he was at that time exiled for a term of three years to—Constantinople. Now he has come back to his native land decorated with the Osmanie Order of the second class and with a salary of £T40 monthly! In Monastir the famous Turkish brigand Mahmand Piperko had, the other day, to answer to a charge of having committed 15 murders. During his trial he himself confessed with some pride to having killed, during his lifetime, 40 Giaours. The verdict was—Not guilty! At the very same time six young men who, in a private house, sang Bulgarian songs were sentenced each to three years of imprisonment.

The superior adaptability of plants over animals was pointed out by Mr. Francis Darwin in the continuation of his lectures on the Physiology of Plants at the Royal Institution in which he deals specially with the nutrition of plants. One most striking difference between animals and plants is that the latter can make use of nitrogen in a much simpler combination than the former. Nitrogen in a complex state is good for animals, and what the plant has had the wit to construct for itself becomes valuable to human beings. Thus man is nothing more than a parasite upon plants.

Despatches from Richmond, Virginia, announce that Mr. Waldorf Astor, son of Mr. William Waldorf Astor, has become engaged to Mrs. Nannie Langhorne Shaw, sister-in-law of the distinguished artist Mr. Charles Dana Gibson. The wedding will take place this spring. Mrs. Shaw belongs to a prominent Virginia family. She and her sisters are noted beauties, who were models for many of Mr. Gibson's best pen-and-ink sketches. Mrs. Shaw divorced her husband, Mr. Robert Shaw, in 1903. She is now in England.

It is stated that Mr. John D. Rockefeller, for whom the process-servers have hunted for two months, has accepted service, subpœna in the suit by which the State of Missouri seeks to oust the Oil Trust. It is not disclosed where Mr. Rockefeller accepted service. Judge Gaynor, of the New York Supreme Court, has publicly denounced Mr. Rockefeller for hiding from the process-servers.

Reformers, even Irish reformers, have various methods. Mr. Bernard Shaw is an intransigeant, a whole-hogger; if he scents a half-measure, he promptly goes for it with a shilelagh, and warns the world in general that it is all a take-in. In a letter appeared in the Times, he denounces the Government with characteristic vigour for their statement as to flogging in the Navy. Birches, he says, have gone, but canes remain, and he demonstrates to his own satisfaction that a Liberal Government is just as bad as a Conservative one. His brother Irishans, Mr. Swift MacNeill, has more of the wisdom of the serpent, more, perhaps, of the true Fabian spirit which counsels permeation, delay pacific penetration. Mr. MacNeill has made progress, and is pleased with it. He has got rid of the birches; he hopes later on to destroy the canes. His disposition towards the Government is, in fact so friendly that though he will reopen the subject on the Naval Estimates about a fortnight hence, he does not intend to move to reduce salaries of Admiralty representatives on account of their humanitarian delinquencies.

Hitherto the suggestion that motor-driving might be a suitable profession for the fair sex, has been an uncontested perquisite of the comic press. Seriously the subject has never been put forward in England writes "The Tribune." In fact it would be easier to imagine the hansoms and four-wheelers of the metropolis driven by cab-women than to suppose that the peculiarly mannish business of the chauffeur could ever be suitable for a shaufleuse. The fact that two firms in London employ lady drivers to take customers on trial runs, and emphasize the simplicity of their cars, does not alter the truth of this. In Italy, however, some people are of another way of thinking, for a serious proposal is being made to organize in Turin a motor school entirely for women—the idea being to induce them to seek situations as professional drivers.

The lovely little Lake of Iseo is so little known and seldom visited that there will be few who will feel any touch of personal interest in the disaster that has happened to the little fishing village of Tavernola on its western shore write Twisting round the feet of the Southern Alps, one end of it overhung by precipices and crags six thousand feet high, the other debouching among the vineyards of the Lombardy Plain, Iseo, in spite of its beauty, is unknown to those swarms of visitors who throng the hotels of Bellagio and Cadenabbia on the Lake of Como, but fifty miles west of it. The old castle ruins that from the summit of a peaked hill survey the plain still brood over a scene of mediæval quietude, and the village clustering on the steep slopes by the lake-id are strangers to the click of a kodak. Most of these villages, clinging for foothold against the hill-side, look ready for a plunge into the lake beneath, and one is apt to wonder that more of them do not meet the fate of some of the Tavernola houses which were carried bodily by a landslide into the water Fortunately, the people seem to have been able to leave their too mobile abodes in time, and we hear of no loss of life,

La Marquise de Chazelles, a lady well known in the fashionable world has just had a miraculous escape from death. She was driving with a friend along the Quai des Tuileries, when her carriage was struck by two steam trams coming from opposite directions. The shock was terrific, but the Marquise and her friend contrived to jump out of the landau before it was smashed to pieces. The coachman also escaped, although he was thrown from his seat.

At the twelfth annual exhibition of the Wanstead Industrial and Art Association, opened by Mrs. Koike, an interesting speech was made by Mr. Kokie, of the Japanese Embassy. After congratulating Wanstead on the quality of the exhibition, he said that in Japan art helped in forming her national code of morality. It was an error to suppose that art was a luxury of life. Without it life would not be worth living. Why should not science, art, and poetry advance hand in hand? Art was the pioneer of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance. The arts had united before the political Alliance was made. Now that the two countries were bound closely together, he hoped that art in the East and West would go hand in hand to that end which all true artists aimed at perfection.

NURSING ASSOCIATION.

ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL.

THE annual general meeting of the subscribers to the St. George's Hospital Nursing Association was held at the Port Trust Offices, Bombay, on Monday last, Surgeon-General S. P. Greany, Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, presided and there were also present the Hon. Sir Walter Hughes, Lt-Col. Collie, I.M.S., Capt A. F. W. King, I.M.S., the Hon. Mr. G. Owen Dunn, the Rev H. Foote, Mr. P. R. Cadell, Mr. F. A. Reddie Mr. L. B. Ker and Mr. J. P. Chrystal.

The annual report stated: The number of nurses on the hospital staff during the year averaged 40, consisting of 7 sisters, one of whom acts in rotation as night Superintendent, 16 senior, 10 junior and 7 probationer nurses. During the period under report, 20 probationer nurses were taken on trials; of these 13 have remained in the service of the Association. In view of the approaching completion of the new Hospital for Women it will be shortly necessary to somewhat increase the number of nurses on the hospital staff. To accommodate this addition to the staff a second storey is being added to lady superintendents and sisters present quarters. The average number of nurses on the private nursing staff has been 16 for the past year. They have attended 324 cases, of which 2 were confinement cases, 12 small-pox and other infectious diseases, and 14 plague cases. The Committee have pleasure in again expressing their complete satisfaction at the efficiency of the work done by the hospital and private staffs, and they also once more desire to record their appreciation of the services of the Lady Superintendent, Miss Mill, who continues to show the utmost interest in the executive management of the affairs of the Association. The Committee regret to record the resignation of Miss Walters, the Assistant Lady Superintendent, who resigned her appointment in November last after three years of loyal service, six months of which she acted as lady superintendent with much acceptance. In her place the Committee have appointed Miss Wason, who came to them with very high qualifications for the post. In publishing the accounts for the year, the Committee desire to express their thanks to the European public of Bombay and the Presidency for the continuance of their support towards the fund of the Association. They further would thank the various religious denominations for their aid in devoting their offertories on hospital Sunday towards the same cause. To Mr. F. Hogan and Mr. N. B. Medley are they also indebted for the interest and trouble they took in having organised another Fancy Dress Football Match during the monsoon which resulted in the welcome contribution of Rs. 1,032 to the funds of the Association. The Committee further desire to gratefully acknowledge having received a handsome donation of Rs. 2,000 rom Mrs. Lucas E. Ralli. At the suggestion of Government it has been arranged that a Sub-Committee consisting of three members of the Committee of this Association should be appointed monthly to visit the hospital. The Hon. Sir Walter Hughes, Chairman of the Committee, said:—In moving the adoption of the report and that the accounts accompanying it be passed I have again the pleasure of referring to the results of the year's working as very satisfactory. I think it may be said that the Association is one of the most successful of the minor institutions in the City. It fulfils a purpose in which the whole community is deeply interested which is evidenced by the support it receives as recorded in the list of subscription which occupies several pages of the report. The Committee meets regularly once a month; each meeting is very fully attended and all matters affecting the welfare of the Association receive the closest attention, both from the Committee and their indefatigable Honorary Secretary and Treasurer, Mr. J. P. Chrystal. The accounts which have been kindly audited for us by Mr. A. F. Ferguson are in the usual form. The expenses of the hospital nursing staff, which numbered on the average 40 as against 33 last year, amounted to Rs. 39 034 as against Rs. 36,214 in 1904 of which as usual Government contributed one half. The average strength of the private nursing staff was 16 or the same as in 1904 and the number of cases nursed was 324 against 304 last year. There was a falling off in both confinement and plague cases. But an increase in others. The cost of the private nursing staff was in all Rs 23 2 9 nearly the same as last year and the receipts from nursing fees were 23,807 so that even with the reduced fees the expenses were fully covered. The subscriptions and donation including a munificent donation of Rs. 2,000 from Mrs Lucas Ralli amounted to Rs. 17,783 as against Rs. 10,415 in 1904. As the net result of the year's working a sum of Rs. 7,387 was transferred to the Reserve Fund which now stands at Rs. 44,960. The report is accompanied by a certificate by the Physician in Charge, Lieutenant Colonel Collie, bearing testimony to the satisfactory manner in which the nursing in the hospital has been carried out. The report refers also to the constitution under the orders of Government of a visiting committee to the hospital which took effect from the commencement of the year 1906. The members of the Association will no doubt be interested to hear that progress is being made with the scheme for the formation of a general nursing service for the Presidency. I cannot conclude without referring in terms of cordial appreciation to the support and assistance the Association all times received from Colonel Boyd the late Physician of the hospital who held office on the Committee from the date of Association was first constituted (Applause).

The Hon. Mr. Owen Dunn seconded the proposition which was carried.

The retiring Committee was re elected and Mr. F. A. Reddie was elected in place of Mr. H. E. E. Procter who will leave Bombay.

Sir Walter Hughes proposed Lt Col. Collie, seconded that a vote of thanks be given to Mr. A. F. Ferguson and that he be asked to act during the year 1906, as Honorary Auditor.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman proposed by the Hon. Mr. Dunn terminated the proceedings.

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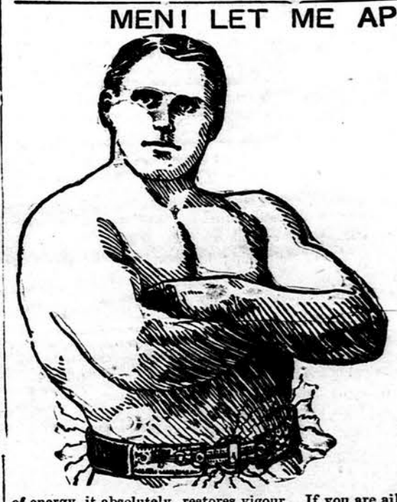

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WRITER AND READERS.

At last we are to have a History of the British Museum such as the great Panizzi would have loved to write had he lived in these more spacious days. The book is to come through Messrs. Duckworth, from the pen of Dr. Richard Garnett, but it can hardly be expected for some months to come. Other interesting announcements of books to come within the next month or so from the same firm are: Esto Perpetua: Algerian Studies and Impressions, by Mr. Hilaire Belloc, M. P., illustrated from pencil drawings by the author. The Dawn in Britain, by Charles Doughty, author of Travels in Arabia Deserta (2 vols.); The Scottish School of Painting by William D. McKay (70 illustrations); and Saint Mary the Virgin, in The Saints series, by Rene Marie de la Broise.

Chivalry and valour, the favourite themes of the skald, the romancer, and the dry historian, had few better celebrants than the Sire de Joinville, who wrote the immortal life of St. Louis of the Crusades. He wrote in his own tongue a series of memoirs worthy of comparison with the highest flights of Froissart and the most searching things in history and his work is a clever dovetailing of the French history biography and literature of his time the cruel, superstitious, worldly-minded thirteenth century. De Joinville was heir to the Seneschalty of Champagne, and, with his own contingent, followed St. Louis on that ill-starred Crusade marked by the disaster of Mansoora and the capture of the whole Christian army. On his return from enough adventures to supply a sensational novelist, he settled on his estates and took a share in politics through three king-reigns. Finally, when he had passed the threescore years and ten, he set to work to write his reminiscences of the friend and master whom he had loved in his youth. His narrative brings us into some of the finest company in the world and into closer sympathy with the thirteenth century than many volumes of more conscious history. The Memoirs are soon to be republished by Mr. John Murray.

Mr. Mortimer Menpes and his daughter have combined their brush and pen once more to produce what might almost be called a pleasure-biography of the late Sir Henry Irving. The book aims at being a vivid series of impressions of the great actor, with all those subtly varying expressions that make the shine and shadow of a mobile and memorable face like his. The media of all this are a frontispiece portrait in colour, with eight others in pencil and tint. The book is to be a small one measuring about four inches by six, and the price is to be two shillings net. It ought to be out in a month or so, and the publishers are Messrs. Black. Another book of theirs, not far removed in interest and certainly rich in a profusion of illustrations, will be Mr. Lewis Hind's. The Education of an Artist, a series of articles which have been running in a popular magazine of the strenuous order.

Things of more moment than member's hats have suffered under the physical necessity which first called chairs into being, but few great men have sat upon great treasures as Sir Walter Scott did upon a certain royal nick-nack that he valued. The story is retold in a highly original biography of him which Mr. Le Guy Norgate has just completed, and which Messrs. Methuen are to publish within the next fortnight. This is the anecdote, not, of course, a new one:—When Scott's boat drew up alongside the Royal yacht, the King exclaimed, Sir Walter Scott! The man in Scotland I most wish to see! When he came on deck George IV. called for a bottle of Highland whisky, drank his health, and graciously commanded him to drink in return. Scott's request that he might keep the glass which his Majesty had used was granted; but it was not fated to form one of his treasures, for on his return to his house in North Castle-street, the arrival of an unexpected guest put everything else out of his head and, alas!—Sir Walter sat down upon it. Needless to add, Sir Walter sat, not on his head, but on the cup. The book should be of distinct service to all Waverley worshippers for it utilises the best that occur in Lockhart's Life as well as in Scott's own letters and journals. Besides, the author has made careful researches in the actual places described, and has been able to include several rare illustrations. An excellent feature, too, should be a chapter on Scott as a lawyer by a well-known Scots barrister.

Mr. Clive Holland, who lately contributed a charming article to the "Pall Mall Magazine" on the subject of Wessex and the novels of Mr. Thomas Hardy, has completed, under a similar title, what promises to be an admirable book in the guinea series of books in colour published by Messrs. A. and C. Black. One of its charms is to be a series of colour sketches by Mr. Walter Tyndale, who did the beautiful pictures of the new Dorset in the same series, and apropos of these new landscapes of his, Mr. Hardy lately wrote him: "You ask me what I think of these impressions of Wessex. I am unfortunately unable to give any valuable critical opinion in the usual technical sense; but to their fidelity, both in form and in colour, I can testify. And you seem to have conveyed in your renderings that under-pleasure as one may say, that mood or temperament, which pertains to each particular spot portrayed and to no other on earth. It is rare for a great lover of Nature to give so ungrudging and delicate a tribute to a collaborator in a sister art."

Two new series are in the press of Messrs. Dent, and their advent may be expected in a day or two. One is the simple Greek and Latin Classics, edited by Mr. G. Lowes Dickinson and Mr. H. O. Meredith. The idea is not to supply monographs as in the Blackwood-Collins series, but a new series of translations in the form of parallel texts, the original being on the left-hand page and the English rendering on the right. The first four are the Medea and Hippolytus of Euripides, the Æneid of Virgil, Juvenal's Satires, and the Euthyphro, Crito, and Apology of Socrates. The editors volume by volume are all well-known scholars. The other series is one entitled English Men of Science, edited by Dr. J. Reynolds Green, in which Professor J. A. Thomson leads off with the late Herbert Spencer as his theme. In the Mediæval Towns series, we are shortly to have Brussels, by Mr. Ernest Gilliat Smith, with illustrations by two well-known and sympathetic hands. The next few volumes in the Temple Classics are a recension of the Golden Treasury by Edward Hutton; Dante's Vita Nuova, Songs and Ballads, the Chronicle of Dino Campagni; Burke's Speeches on America; and Professor Latham's translation of the second part of Faust. A other book from the same firm, unconnected with any series, is Morocco of To-Day, a translation from the French of M. Eugene Aubin.

Since that famous collection of Essays and Reviews appeared which figure so largely in the recent Life of Archbishop Temple, there has been a steady vogue for books which concentrate a number of serious minds on kindred subjects. One of these is the volume announced for early publication this month by Mr. George Allen, under the general heading of Science in Public Affairs. Mr. Haldane supplies a preface in a characteristic vein, and Mr. J. E. Hand is the editor. The contributors and their themes are as follows: Physical Development, by C. H. Denyer, M.A., and J. E. Hand; City Suburbs, by Mrs. S. A. Barnett; National Education, by Michael E. Sadler, LL.D., Colonial Development, by H. de R. Walker, B.A., Industry, by John A. Hobson, M.A., Administration, by Charles M. Douglas, M.P., M.A., D.Sc.; and Citizenship, by Victor V. Branford, M.A. By the way, the next volume in Mr. Cook's monumental edition of Ruskin (same publisher, of course,) will be a collection of the essays bearing on Florence) and the next in the pocket reprint edition will be the second volume of Fors Clavigera.

The story of La Grande Mademoiselle is in itself but a grotesque and irrational comedy; as a mirror of events and changes in French history—which is the purpose for which M. Barine employs it—it can be shown crowded with significance. Those who read the Youth of La Grande Mademoiselle will be prepared for the spirit in which the author resumes his narrative from the collapse of the Fronde and the return of Mazarin. The Fronde is justly compared to a gulf separating two periods of French history: it introduced a new consolidation of the Royal power, which absorbed society within the Court and practically abolished politics altogether. Amongst the nobility it inaugurated a new scale of relationships and fresh standards of conduct, and the Duchesse de Montpensier is chiefly interesting as the most conspicuous example of the old order, chafing at its subjection to the new she possessed courage force, initiative, and capacity—the precise qualities for which there was no scope in the life of a princess under the Grand Monarch she was devoid of tact and discipline, which had become the essentials to favour, prestige, and success. The last forty years of her life were as a result consumed by the restless self-torment of one who had lived beyond her period, and could neither accept nor understand the ways of a new world. Her baffled emotions seized eventually on the grotesque passion for Lauzun, which made her ridiculous and so extinguished the interest of her contemporaries. M. Barine presents this familiar episode with the vivid and analytic charm of a dramatic study. Nothing better illustrates the Princess's lack of touch with her surroundings than the procrastination in taking advantage of the King's consent to her marriage until the inevitable revocation had been uttered. She was probably left happier with the memory and nimbus of her passion than she would have been in the matrimonial society of its remarkable object. M. Barine's work will be enjoyed by all who are interested in the problems or personalities of seventeenth-century France. The present translation is a little stiff in places, and some examples of American spelling are a terrible disfigurement.

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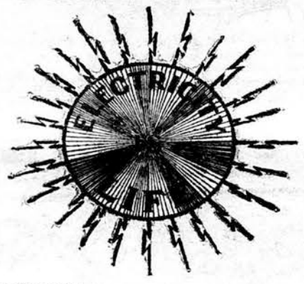

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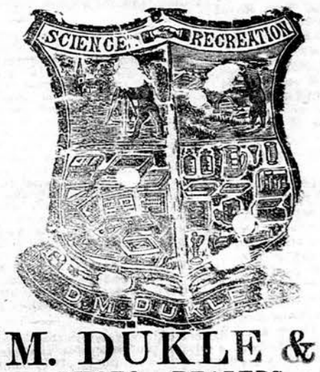

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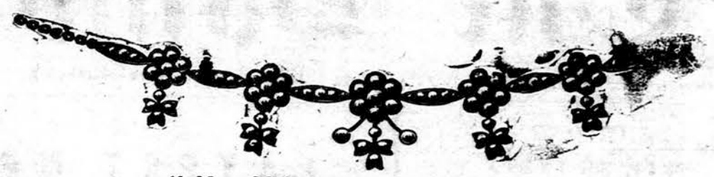

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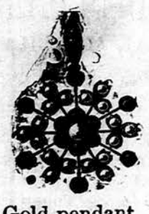

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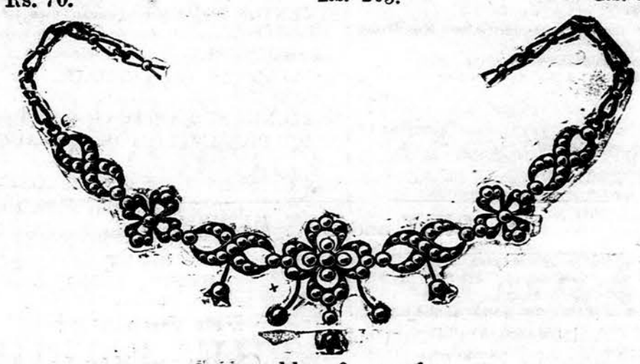
Gold pendant set diamonds and pearls, Rs. 135.

Gold pendant set pearls platinum and gold chain, Rs. 55.



Gold necklet of turquoise and pearls, Rs. 275.

Gold pendant set pearls and gold chain, Rs. 50.

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